#### GAMANIA DIGITAL ENTERTAINMENT CO., LTD.

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

#### Review Report of Independent Accountants Translated From Chinese

#### PWCR14000251

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three-month periods then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our reviews. We did not review the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries, which statements reflect total assets of \$339,919 thousand and \$1,465,328 thousand, constituting 7% and 31% of the consolidated total assets as of March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively; total liabilities of \$88,024 thousand and \$671,132 thousand, constituting 4% and 30% of the related consolidated total liabilities as of March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively; and total operating revenue of \$124,798 thousand and \$594,264 thousand, constituting 5% and 29% of the consolidated total operating revenues for the three-month periods then ended, respectively. Those financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 relative to these subsidiaries were reviewed by other independent accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our conclusion expressed herein, is based solely on the reports of the other independent accountants.

Except as explained in the following paragraph, our reviews were made in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards No. 36, "Review of Financial Statements" in the Republic of China. A review consists principally of inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We did not review the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for using equity method, which statements reflect total assets (including investments accounted for under equity method) of \$864,737 thousand and \$759,666 thousand, constituting 18% and 16% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of \$181,259 thousand and \$149,597 thousand, constituting 8% and 7% of the consolidated total liabilities as of March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and total comprehensive loss of \$28,620 thousand and \$45,418 thousand,

constituting 42% and 55% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month periods then ended, respectively. These amounts and the information disclosed in Note 13 were based solely on the unreviewed financial statements of these companies as of March 31, 2014 and 2013.

Based on our reviews and the review reports of the other independent accountants, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries, investments accounted for using equity method and the information disclosed in Note 13 been reviewed by independent accountants, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers" and IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

#### May 7, 2014

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

## $\frac{\text{GAMANIA DIGITAL ENTERTAINMENT CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}}$

#### MARCH 31, 2014, DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND MARCH 31, 2013

#### (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(THE MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013 BALANCE SHEETS ARE UNAUDITED)

	Assets	Notes	M	Iarch 31, 2014	Dece	December 31, 2013		Tarch 31, 2013
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	1,034,838	\$	1,607,505	\$	1,498,104
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)						
	profit or loss - current			203,838		5,607		16,391
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)		8,801		10,431		23,580
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)		1,844,249		1,519,247		1,410,751
1200	Other receivables			7,054		16,572		40,428
1220	Current income tax assets			86,239		81,598		58,304
130X	Inventories	6(6)		169,142		63,086		150,361
1410	Prepayments			122,438		94,553		144,677
1470	Other current assets	8		155,856		39,319		31,116
11XX	<b>Total Current Assets</b>			3,632,455		3,437,918		3,373,712
	Non-current assets							
1523	Available-for-sale financial assets -	6(3)						
	non-current			70,457		58,928		69,243
1550	Investments accounted for using equity	6(7)(11)						
	method			41,430		42,141		24,821
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8		677,974		694,386		800,665
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)(11) and						
		7(2)		301,097		309,884		340,150
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(31)		91,441		85,789		84,114
1900	Other non-current assets	6(10) and 8		63,904		65,878		69,504
15XX	<b>Total Non-current Assets</b>			1,246,303		1,257,006		1,388,497
1XXX	<b>Total Assets</b>		\$	4,878,758	\$	4,694,924	\$	4,762,209
	Liabilities and Equity							
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12)	\$	18,889	\$	13,559	\$	82,728
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through	6(13)						
	profit or loss - current			-		-		9,616
2150	Notes payable			4,769		9,846		37,176
2170	Accounts payable			1,289,864		1,194,537		1,010,170
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7(2)		16,132		25,825		74,606
2200	Other payables	6(14)		326,633		367,433		361,741
2220	Other payables - related parties	7(2)		3,232		2,799		-
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(31)		57,825		44,074		41,445
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(20)		2,963		2,853		-
2300	Other current liabilities	6(15)(16)(17)		578,873		521,673		556,175
21XX	<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>			2,299,180		2,182,599		2,173,657

(Continued)

## $\frac{\text{GAMANIA DIGITAL ENTERTAINMENT CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}}$

#### MARCH 31, 2014, DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND MARCH 31, 2013

#### (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(THE MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013 BALANCE SHEETS ARE UNAUDITED)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	M	arch 31, 2014	Dece	mber 31, 2013	March 31, 201	
	Non-current liabilities							
2530	Bonds payable	6(16)	\$	14,815	\$	21,112	\$	34,302
2550	Provisions for liabilities - non-current	6(20)		=		-		6,867
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(31)		5,851		1,576		2,818
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(7)(18)		30,836		28,921		44,210
25XX	<b>Total Non-current Liabilities</b>			51,502		51,609		88,197
2XXX	<b>Total Liabilities</b>			2,350,682		2,234,208		2,261,854
	Equity attributable to owners of parent							
	Share capital	6(21)						
3110	Share capital - common stock			1,575,936		1,573,117		1,568,685
3140	Stock subscriptions received in advance	6(19)		=		2,819		2,291
	Capital surplus	6(22)						
3200	Capital surplus			746,780		747,176		861,892
	Retained earnings	6(23)						
3310	Legal reserve			-		-		159,610
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings							
	(accumulated deficit)			83,045		38,559	(	239,413)
	Other equity interest	6(24)						
3400	Other equity interest		(	22,806)	(	46,131)	(	27,407)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of the							
	parent			2,382,955		2,315,540		2,325,658
36XX	Non-controlling interest			145,121		145,176		174,697
3XXX	Total equity			2,528,076		2,460,716		2,500,355
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9						
	unrecorded contract commitments							
	Significant events after the balance	11						
	sheet date							
	Total liabilities and equity		\$	4,878,758	\$	4,694,924	\$	4,762,209

## GAMANIA DIGITAL ENTERTAINMENT CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

#### FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013

### (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE DATA) (UNAUDITED)

		Items	Notes	1		the three-month period nded March 31, 2014			hree-month period March 31, 2013
500         Operating costs         6(60/29)           595         Gross profit         530,004         669,333           600         Operating expenses         6(29)(30) and         530,094         669,333           6100         Selling expenses         6(29)(30) and         7(2)         150,093         303,1560           6200         General and administrative expenses         ( 64,355)         388,889         303,1560         388,889           6000         Fotal operating expenses         ( 64,355)         388,889         388,889           6000         Operating income         6 (25)         7,108         552,948           6000         Other income         6 (25)         7,108         5,899           7010         Other gains and losses         6 (23) (1) (27)         28,669)         11,918           7010         Other gains and losses         6 (23) (1) (27)         28,669)         11,918           7010         Other gains and losses         6 (23) (1) (27)         28,669)         11,918           7010         Finance costs         6 (23) (1) (27)         28,669)         11,514           701         Total non-operating income         6 (23) (2) (23)         8,8550           800         Profit for the per	4000	Operating revenue	6(25)	9	\$	2,466,105		\$	2,064,405
5950         Gross profit Operating expenses         6(29)(30) and 7(2)         6(29)(30) and 7(2)         6(20)(30) and 7(2)         7(2)         7(2)         7(2)         150,093         303,1556         300,1556         303,1556         300,208         303,1556         300,208         303,1556         300,208         300,207	5000		6(6)(29)						
Comparising expenses   Comparising expenses			(30) and 7(2)	(_		1,936,011)	(	(	1,395,072)
Total non-operating income and expenses   Cappenses   Cappenses	5950	Gross profit				530,094			669,333
6100         Selling expenses         (         162,837) (         150,903)           6200         General and administrative expenses         (         219,802) (         303,156)           6300         Research and development expenses         (         64,355) (         98,889)           6000         Total operating expenses         (         446,994) (         552,948)           6000         Operating income         6(26)         7,108         5,899           7010         Other income         6(26)         7,108         5,899           7020         Other gains and losses         6(20) (1)(27) (         28,669) (         11,918)           7030         Finance costs         6(28) (         564) (         1,323)           7060         Share of loss of associates and joint ventures         6(28) (         564) (         1,323)           7060         Total non-operating income and         2         22,973 (         8,856)           7900         Profit before tax         6(31) (         16,176 (         27,232           800         Profit for the period from continuing operations         43,951 (         80,297           820         Profit for the period from continuing of forcign operations         11,529 (         2,051 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Operating expenses</td><td>6(29)(30) and</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		Operating expenses	6(29)(30) and						
6200         General and administrative expenses         ( 219,802) ( 303,156)           6300         Research and development expenses         ( 64,355) ( 98,889)           6900         Total operating expenses         ( 446,994) ( 552,948)           6900         Operating income         83,100         116,385           Non-operating income and expenses           7010         Other income         6(26)         7,108         5,899           7020         Other gains and losses         6(2(11)(27) ( 28,669) ( 11,918)         11,918)           7050         Finance costs         6(28) ( 564) ( 13,323)         11,918)           7060         Share of loss of associates and joint ventures of (7)         8488 ( 1,514)         11,514           7000         Total non-operating income and expenses         ( 22,973) ( 8,8850)         8,8850           8000         Profit for the period from continuing operations         6(31) ( 16,176) ( 22,973)         20,27322           8000         Profit for the period from continuing operations         43,951 ( 80,297)         80,297           8101         Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations         12,276 ( 80,295)         2,051           825         Unrealized gain on valuation of foreign operations         11,529 ( 80,295)         43,951         80,27			7(2)						
6300         Research and development expenses         ( 64,355)         98,889)           6000         Total operating expenses         ( 446,994)         ( 525,948)           6900         Operating income         83,100         116,385           7010         Other income         6(26)         7,108         5,899           7020         Other gains and losses         6(2)(11)(27)         28,669)         ( 11,918)           7050         Finance costs         6(28)         564)         ( 1,323)           7060         Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method         6(7)         848         ( 1,514)           7000         Total non-operating income and expenses         ( 22,973)         ( 8,856)           7900         Profit before tax         6(31)         16,176         27,232           7950         Income tax         6(31)         16,176         27,232           800         Profit for the period from continuing operations         43,951         80,297           8200         Profit for the period         \$ 43,951         2,051           8325         Unrealized gain on valuation of foreign operations         \$ 12,276         2,051           8435         Unrealized gain on valuation of foreign operations	6100	Selling expenses		(		162,837)	(	(	150,903)
6000         Total operating expenses         (         446,994)         (         552,948)           6900         Operating income         83,100         116,385           Non-operating income         83,100         116,385           7010         Other income         6(26)         7,108         5,899           7020         Other gains and losses         6(2)(11)(27)         28,669         (         11,918           7050         Finance costs         6(28)         6(3)         564         (         1,918           7050         Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method         6(7)         28,856         6(7)         1,514           7000         Total non-operating income and expenses         6(7)         848         (         1,514           7000         Total non-operating income and expenses         6(7)         848         (         1,514           7000         Total non-operating income and expenses         6(7)         848         (         1,514           7001         Total consequence         6(31)         16,176         10,752         8,856           7950         Profit for the period from continuing operations         12,276         30,297         80,297	6200	General and administrative expenses		(					
Non-operating income   Ray		Research and development expenses		(_		64,355)	(	(	
Non-operating income and expenses	6000			(_		446,994)	(	(	552,948)
7010         Other income         6(26)         7,108         5,899           7020         Other gains and losses         6(2)(11)(27)         28,669)         11,918)           7050         Finance costs         6(28)         564)         11,918)           7060         Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method         6(3)         848)         1,514)           7000         Total non-operating income and expenses         (22,973)         88,856)           7900         Profit before tax         6(31)         16,176)         27,232)           8000         Profit for the period from continuing operations         43,951         80,297           8200         Profit for the period         \$ 43,951         80,297           8210         Profit for the period         \$ 12,276         2,051           8325         Unrealized gain on valuation of foreign operations         \$ 12,276         2,051           8325         Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets         \$ 11,529         438           8500         Total comprehensive income for the period         \$ 67,756         \$ 82,786           8610         Owners of parent         \$ 44,486         \$ 82,806           8610         Owners of parent	6900	Operating income		_		83,100			116,385
7020         Other gains and losses         6(2)(11)(27) (         28,669) (         11,918)           7050         Finance costs         6(28) (         564) (         1,323)           7060         Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method         (         848) (         1,514)           7000         Total non-operating income and expenses         (         22,973) (         8,856)           7900         Profit before tax         60,127         107,529           7950         Income tax         6(31) (         16,176) (         27,232)           8000         Profit for the period from continuing operations         3         43,951         80,297           8200         Profit for the period comprehensive income         \$         43,951         80,297           8310         Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations         \$         12,276         2,051           8325         Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets         \$         11,529         438           8500         Total comprehensive income for the period         \$         67,756         \$         82,786           8610         Owners of parent         \$         44,486         \$         82,806 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Non-operating income and expenses</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		Non-operating income and expenses							
Finance costs   G(28)   S(4)   S(4)	7010	Other income	6(26)			7,108			5,899
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method accounted for using equity accounted for using expectations accounted for using equity accounted for using expectations accounted for usin	7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(11)(27)	(		28,669)	(	(	11,918)
Accounted for using equity method   Comprehensive income for the period   Comprehensive income for the per	7050			(		564)	(	(	1,323)
Total non-operating income and expenses         ( 22,973) ( 8,856)           7900         Profit before tax         60,127         107,529           7950         Income tax         6(31)         16,176)         27,232           8000         Profit for the period from continuing operations         43,951         80,297           8200         Profit for the period         \$ 43,951         80,297           Other comprehensive income           8310         Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations         \$ 12,276         2,051           8325         Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets         6(3)         11,529         438           8500         Total comprehensive income for the period         \$ 67,756         82,806           8610         Owners of parent         \$ 44,486         82,806           8620         Non-controlling interests         \$ 43,951         80,297           8710         Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:         \$ 67,811         85,297           8720         Non-controlling interests         \$ 67,811         85,297           8720         Non-controlling interests         \$ 67,756         82,786           8721         S 67,756         82,2586	7060	· ·	6(7)						
Profit before tax		accounted for using equity method		(_		848)	(	(	1,514)
7900         Profit before tax         60,127         107,529           7950         Income tax         6(31)         16,176         27,232           8000         Profit for the period from continuing operations         43,951         80,297           8200         Profit for the period         \$ 43,951         80,297           Other comprehensive income           8310         Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations         \$ 12,276         2,051           8325         Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets         11,529         438           8500         Total comprehensive income for the period         \$ 67,756         \$ 82,786           Profit (loss) attributable to:           8610         Owners of parent         \$ 44,486         \$ 2,806           8620         Non-controlling interests         \$ 335         \$ 80,297           Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:           8710         Owners of parent         \$ 67,811         \$ 85,297           8720         Non-controlling interests         \$ 67,811         \$ 85,297           8720         Non-controlling interests         \$ 67,756         \$ 2,511           \$ 67,756         \$ 82,786           \$	7000	Total non-operating income and							
Non-controlling interests   Securing sper share (in dollars)   Securing sper share (		expenses		(_		22,973)	(	(	<u>8,856</u> )
8000 operations         43,951 (solution)         80,297 (solution)           8200 Profit for the period operations         \$ 43,951 (solution)         80,297 (solution)           8310 Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations         \$ 12,276 (solution)         2,051 (solution)           8325 Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets         6(3)         11,529 (solution)         438           8500 Total comprehensive income for the period profit (loss) attributable to:         \$ 67,756 (solution)         82,806 (solution)           8610 Owners of parent         \$ 44,486 (solution)         82,806 (solution)           8620 Non-controlling interests         ( 535) ( 2,509) (solution)           8710 Owners of parent         \$ 67,811 (solution)         85,297 (solution)           8720 Non-controlling interests         ( 535) ( 2,511) (solution)         2,511 (solution)           8720 Non-controlling interests         ( 555) ( 2,511) (solution)         2,511 (solution)           8720 Non-controlling interests         ( 555) ( 2,511) (solution)         2,511 (solution)           8730 Section of parent (solution)         ( 555) ( 2,511) (solution)         2,511 (solution)           8740 Owners of parent (solution)         ( 555) ( 2,511) (solution)         2,511 (solution)           8750 Section of parent (solution)         ( 567,756 (solution)         2,511 (soluti	7900	Profit before tax				60,127			The state of the s
operations         43,951         80,297           8200         Profit for the period         \$ 43,951         \$ 80,297           Other comprehensive income           8310         Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations         \$ 12,276         \$ 2,051           8325         Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets         6(3)         11,529         438           8500         Total comprehensive income for the period available to:         \$ 67,756         \$ 82,786           Profit (loss) attributable to:           8610         Owners of parent         \$ 44,486         \$ 82,806           8620         Non-controlling interests         ( 535)         ( 2,509)           \$ 43,951         \$ 80,297           Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:           8710         Owners of parent         \$ 67,811         \$ 85,297           8720         Non-controlling interests         ( 55)         ( 2,511)           8720         Non-controlling interests         ( 55)         ( 2,511)           8720         Non-controlling interests         ( 55)         ( 2,511)           8720         Non-controlling interests         ( 67,756)         \$ 82,786           8720         <	7950	Income tax	6(31)	(_		16,17 <u>6</u> )	(	(	27,232)
Sample   Profit for the period   \$ 43,951   \$ 80,297	8000	-							
Other comprehensive income           8310         Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations         \$ 12,276 \$ 2,051           8325         Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets         \$ 11,529 \$ 438           8500         Total comprehensive income for the period profit (loss) attributable to:         \$ 67,756 \$ 82,786           8610         Owners of parent         \$ 44,486 \$ 82,806           8620         Non-controlling interests         \$ 43,951 \$ 80,297           Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:           8710         Owners of parent         \$ 67,811 \$ 85,297           8720         Non-controlling interests         \$ 67,811 \$ 85,297           8720         Non-controlling interests         \$ 67,756 \$ 2,511           \$ 67,756 \$ 55 ( 2,511)         \$ 67,756 \$ 82,786           Earnings per share (in dollars)         6(32)           9750         Basic earnings per share         \$ 0.28 \$ 0.53		operations		_		43,951			80,297
Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations   \$ 12,276	8200	Profit for the period		(	\$	43,951		\$	80,297
Solid   Soli		Other comprehensive income							
Sample   S	8310	Financial statements translation differences							
Sample   S		of foreign operations		9	\$	12,276		\$	2,051
Solid   Total comprehensive income for the period   \$ 67,756   \$ 82,786	8325	Unrealized gain on valuation of	6(3)						
Profit (loss) attributable to:         8610       Owners of parent       \$ 44,486 \$ 82,806         8620       Non-controlling interests       ( 535) ( 2,509)         Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:         8710       Owners of parent       \$ 67,811 \$ 85,297         8720       Non-controlling interests       ( 55) ( 2,511)         Earnings per share (in dollars)       6(32)         9750       Basic earnings per share       \$ 0.28 \$ 0.53		available-for-sale financial assets				11,529			438
8610       Owners of parent       \$ 44,486 \$ 82,806         8620       Non-controlling interests       ( 535) ( 2,509)         Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:         8710       Owners of parent       \$ 67,811 \$ 85,297         8720       Non-controlling interests       ( 55) ( 2,511)         Earnings per share (in dollars)       6(32)         9750       Basic earnings per share       \$ 0.28 \$ 0.53	8500	Total comprehensive income for the period		(	\$	67,756		\$	82,786
8610       Owners of parent       \$ 44,486 \$ 82,806         8620       Non-controlling interests       ( 535) ( 2,509)         Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:         8710       Owners of parent       \$ 67,811 \$ 85,297         8720       Non-controlling interests       ( 55) ( 2,511)         Earnings per share (in dollars)       6(32)         9750       Basic earnings per share       \$ 0.28 \$ 0.53		Profit (loss) attributable to:		Ī					
8620       Non-controlling interests       (       535)       (       2,509)         Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:         8710       Owners of parent       \$       67,811       \$       85,297         8720       Non-controlling interests       (       55)       (       2,511)         \$       67,756       \$       82,786         Earnings per share (in dollars)       6(32)         9750       Basic earnings per share       \$       0.28       \$       0.53	8610			9	\$	44,486		\$	82,806
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8620	Non-controlling interests		(_			(	(	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:         8710 Owners of parent       \$ 67,811 \$ 85,297         8720 Non-controlling interests $( 55) ( 2,511) $ \$ 67,756 \$ 82,786         Earnings per share (in dollars) $6(32)$ 9750 Basic earnings per share       \$ 0.28 \$ 0.53		-		9	\$	43,951		\$	
8710 Owners of parent       \$ 67,811 \$ 85,297         8720 Non-controlling interests       ( 55) ( 2,511)         Earnings per share (in dollars)       6(32)         9750 Basic earnings per share       \$ 0.28 \$ 0.53		Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to	•	Ī		·			<u> </u>
8720       Non-controlling interests $($	8710			9	\$	67.811		\$	85.297
\$ 67,756   \$ 82,786		*		(	*		(	(	
Earnings per share (in dollars)  9750 Basic earnings per share  \$ 0.28 \$ 0.53		0		`-	\$	·		\$	
9750 <b>Basic earnings per share</b> <u>\$ 0.28</u> <u>\$ 0.53</u>				ì		3.,.00		<del></del>	3 <b>2</b> ,0
	0.550		6(32)		ф	0		Φ.	
9850 <b>Diluted earnings per share</b> $$$ 0.28 $$$ 0.52		~ -		5	\$			\$	_
	9850	Diluted earnings per share		5	\$	0.28		<u>\$</u>	0.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See review report of independent accountants dated May 7, 2014.

# GAMANIA DIGITAL ENTERTAINMENT CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013

### (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

						Е	quity attributable	to owners o	f the parent							
		Share	capital			Capital surplus	8		R	etained earnings		Other equi	ity interest			
	Notes	Share capital- common stock	Stock subscriptions received in advance	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury stock transactions	Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	Changes in share of associate and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method	Other	Legal r	Unapprop retain earnin (accumu eserve defic	riated s d tr gs d ated	Financial statements ranslation lifferences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain or loss on available- for-sale financial assets	Total	Non-controlling	Total
<u>-</u> <u>2013</u>	110105	Stock	uavance	сирии	uunsuetions	disposed	equity method	<u> </u>	<u> Dogari</u>	<u>defic</u>		operations	assocs	Total	merest	1000
Balance at January 1, 2013		\$ 1,568,685	<b>\$</b> 149	\$ 833,643	\$ 24,234	\$ 1,446	\$	- \$ 2	24 \$ 15	9,610 (\$ 32	2,219)(\$	\$ 44,930)	\$ 15,032	\$2,235,874	(\$ 171.193)	\$2.407.067
Employee stock options exercised	6(19)	-	2,142	2,785	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,927	-	4,927
Profit (loss) for the period		-	· -	-	-	-		-	_	- 8	2,806	-	-	82,806	( 2,509)	80,297
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(3)	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	-	438	11,529	2,491	( 2)	2,489
Difference between consideration and carrying																
amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed		-	-	-	-	( 440)	)	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 440)	-	( 440)
Non-controlling interests								<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			6,015	6,015
Balance at March 31, 2013		\$ 1,568,685	<u>\$ 2,291</u>	<u>\$ 836,428</u>	<u>\$ 24,234</u>	<u>\$ 1,006</u>	\$	<u>-</u> \$ 2	<u>24</u> <u>\$ 15</u>	9,610 (\$ 23	9 <u>,413</u> )( <u>\$</u>	42,877)	<u>\$ 15,470</u>	\$2,325,658	<u>\$ 174,697</u>	<u>\$2,500,355</u>
<u>2014</u>																
Balance at January 1, 2014		\$ 1,573,117	\$ 2,819	\$ 719,258	\$ 24,234	\$ 1,305	\$ 1,877	\$ 5	02 \$	- \$ 3	8,559 (\$	48,198)	\$ 2,067	\$2,315,540	\$ 145,176	\$2,460,716
Capital collected in advance transferred to common																
stock		2,819	( 2,819)	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit (loss) for the period		-	-	-		-		-	-	- 4	4,486	-	-	44,486	( 535)	43,951
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(3)	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	11,796	11,529	23,325	480	23,805
Investees' employee stock options		-	-	-		( 126)	)	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 126)	-	( 126)
		-	-	-		-		- ( 2	78)	-	-	-	-	( 278)	-	( 278)
Effect of investees' unclaimed dividends								<u> </u>	8	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>			8		8
Balance at March 31, 2014		\$ 1,575,936	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 719,258</u>	\$ 24,234	\$ 1,179	\$ 1,877	\$ 2	<u>32</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u> 8	3,045 ( <u>\$</u>	36,402)	\$ 13,596	\$2,382,955	<u>\$ 145,121</u>	\$2,528,076

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

See review report of independent accountants dated March 31, 2014.

# GAMANIA DIGITAL ENTERTAINMENT CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

	Notes		2014	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			60 4 <b>2</b> = 4	
Profit before tax		\$	60,127 \$	107,529
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in)				
provided by operating activities				
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows				
(Gain) loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value	C(07)	,	5.47	<i>[</i> 10
through profit or loss	6(27)	(	547)	518
Provision for doubtful accounts	6(5)		10,018	14,551
Share of loss of associates accounted for using equity			0.40	1 514
method	6(9)(20)		848	1,514
Depreciation	6(8)(29)		47,899	60,582
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(27)		52	116
Amortization	6(29)		38,050	41,732
Intangible assets transferred to other loss	6(9)		56 15 021	1,061
Impairment loss Interest income	6(11)	(	15,921	2,989
		(	782) ( 564	953)
Interest expense			304	1,323
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities  Net changes in assets relating to operating activities				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(	107 694) (	7,790)
Notes receivable		(	197,684) ( 1,630 (	1,077)
Accounts receivable		(	335,438) (	367,940)
Other receivables		(		4,408)
Inventories		(	9,518 ( 106,056) (	
Prepayments		(	28,182) (	82,426) 75,332)
Other current assets		(	5,963	18,350
			5,905	10,330
Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities  Notes payable		(	5,077)	8,271
Accounts payable		(	95,327	295,062
Accounts payable - related parties		(	9,693)	12,579
Other payables		(	25,581) (	7,326)
Other payables - related parties		(	433 (	3,675)
Provisions for liabilities			433 (	1,446
Other current liabilities			56,584	153,996
Cash (used in) generated from operations			366,050)	170,692
Interest received		(	782	
Interest paid		(		1,006
Income tax (paid) received		(	564) ( 8,443)	1,256) 10,148
		(		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(	374,275)	180,590

(Continued)

# GAMANIA DIGITAL ENTERTAINMENT CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

	Notes		2014		2013
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(34)	(\$	42,968)	(\$	13,789)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			14		2,828
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(34)	(	46,269)	(	32,616)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets			1,912		-
Increase in other current assets		(	122,500)	(	5,000)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			574	(	194)
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities			1,915	(	5,696)
Net cash used in investing activities		(	207,322)	(	54,467)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in short-term borrowings			5,000		60,000
Repayment of short-term borrowings			-	(	45,865)
Repayment of bonds payable (including current portion)		(	5,659)	(	11,409)
Repayment of long-term debt (including current portion)		(	22)	(	3,122)
Exercise of employee share options			-		4,927
Changes in non-controlling interest			<u>-</u>		6,015
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(	681)		10,546
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents			9,611		12,936
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(	572,667)		149,605
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			1,607,505		1,348,499
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	1,034,838	\$	1,498,104

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See review report of independent accountants dated May 7, 2014.

# GAMANIA DIGITAL ENTERTAINMENT CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013

#### (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED) (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in software services of on-line game and sales of related merchandises.

# 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on May 7, 2014.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATION

- (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

  None.
- (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

According to Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Auditing No. 1030010325 issued on April 3, 2014, commencing 2015, companies with shares listed on the TWSE or traded on the Taiwan GreTai Securities Market or Emerging Stock Market shall adopt the 2013 version of IFRS (not including IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments') as endorsed by the FSC in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The related new standards, interpretations and amendments are listed below:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	IASB Effective Date
Limited exemption from comparative IFRS 7 disclosures for first-time	July 1, 2010
adopters (amendment to IFRS 1)	
Severe hyperinflation and removal of fixed dates for first-time adopters	July 1, 2011
(amendment to IFRS 1)	
Government loans (amendment to IFRS 1)	January 1, 2013
Disclosures – Transfers of financial assets (amendment to IFRS 7)	July 1, 2011
Disclosures - Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	January 1, 2013
(amendment to IFRS 7)	

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	IASB Effective Date
IFRS 10, 'Consolidated financial statements'	January 1, 2013
	(Investment entities:
	January 1, 2014)
IFRS 11, 'Joint arrangements'	January 1, 2013
IFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities'	January 1, 2013
IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement'	January 1, 2013
Presentation of items of other comprehensive income (amendment to	July 1, 2012
IAS 1)	
Deferred tax: recovery of underlying assets (amendment to IAS 12)	January 1, 2012
IAS 19 (revised), 'Employee benefits'	January 1, 2013
IAS 27, 'Separate financial statements' (as amended in 2011)	January 1, 2013
IAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures' (as amended in	January 1, 2013
2011)	
Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (amendment to IAS	January 1, 2014
32)	
IFRIC 20, 'Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine'	January 1, 2013
Improvements to IFRSs 2010	January 1, 2011
Improvements to IFRSs 2009 – 2011	January 1, 2013
Resed on the Group's assessment, the adoption of the 2013 version of IE	PS has no significant

Based on the Group's assessment, the adoption of the 2013 version of IFRS has no significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, except the following:

#### A. IAS 19 (revised), 'Employee benefits'

The revised standard mainly corrects the net interest expense or income calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit asset or liability, replace the finance charge and expected return on plan assets. An entity is required to recognize termination benefits at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw an offer of those benefits and when it recognizes any related restructuring costs. Additional disclosures are required to present how defined benefit plans may affect the amount, timing and uncertainty of the entity's future cash flows.

#### B. IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements'

The amendment requires entities to separate items presented in OCI classified by nature into two groups on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently when specific conditions are met. If the items are presented before tax then the tax related to each of the two groups of OCI items (those that might be reclassified and those that will not be reclassified) must be shown separately. Accordingly, the Group will adjust its presentation of the statement of comprehensive income.

#### C. IFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities'

The standard integrates the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities. The Group will disclose additional information about its interests in consolidated entities and unconsolidated entities accordingly.

#### D. IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement'

The standard defines fair value, sets out a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. Based on the Group's assessment, the adoption of the standard has no significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, and the Group will disclose additional information about fair value measurements accordingly.

#### (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the 2013 version of IFRS as endorsed by the FSC:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	IASB Effective Date
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	Not yet been decided
IFRIC 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts'	January 1, 2016
Services related contributions from employees or third parties (amendments to IAS 19R)	July 1, 2014
Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets (amendments to IAS 36)	January 1, 2014
Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (amendments to IAS 39)	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 21, 'Levies'	January 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013	July 1, 2014

The Group is assessing the potential impact of the new standards, interpretations and amendments above and has not yet been able to reliably estimate their impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers" and IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - a) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.
  - b) Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value.
  - c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets plus unrecognized past service cost and unrecognized actuarial losses, and less unrecognized actuarial gains and present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies. In general, control is presumed to exist when the parent owns, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, more than half of the voting power of an entity. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible have been considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.
  - b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated.
  - c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
  - d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

		_	Owne	rship (%)	
		Main Business	March 31,	December 31,	
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Activities	2014	2013	Description
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gamania Holdings Ltd.	Holding company	100	100	-
Gamania Holdings Ltd.	Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	100	
Gamania Holdings Ltd.	Gamania R&D (HK) Holdings Limited	Investment holdings	100	100	Note 15
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (Japan) Co., Ltd.	Design and sales of software; sales of hardware	100	100	Note 15
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania China Holdings Ltd.	Investment holdings	98.85	98.79	
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Western Holdings Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	100	Note 15
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Netherlands Holdings Cooperatief U.A.	Investment holdings	100	100	Note 15
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Joymobee Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Design and research and development of software	100	100	Notes 10 and15
Gamania China Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	100	100	Note 15
Gamania China Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Sino Holdings Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	100	
Gamania Netherlands Holdings Cooperatief U.A.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (Europe) B.V.	Software services and sales	100	100	Note 15
Gamania Western Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (U.S.) Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	100	100	Note 15

		_	Owne	rship (%)	
NI CI	N CC 1 '1'	Main Business	March 31,	December 31,	D ' '
Name of Investor Gamania Sino Holdings Ltd.	Name of Subsidiary Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	Activities Design and research and development of software	2014 100	<u>2013</u> 100	Description
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	72.08	72.08	Note 15
Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	27.20	27.20	Note 15
Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Mimigigi Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	70	70	Notes 12 and 15
Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	UniCube Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	70	70	Notes 13 and 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	100	Note 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Fundation Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Publishing of magazines and periodicals	100	100	Note 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment Labuan Holdings, Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	100	Note 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Redgate Games Co., Ltd.	Design and research and development of software	100	100	Note 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Seedo Games Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	100	100	Note 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Playcoo Co.	Design and research and development of software	80.50	80.50	Note 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co. Ltd.	Two Tigers Co., Ltd.	Animation production	51	51	Note 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co. Ltd.	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Software information and supply of electronic services	100	100	
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Ants' Power Co., Ltd.	Customer service	100	100	Notes 8 and 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Chuang Meng Shr Ji Co., Ltd.	Venture capital	100	-	Notes 11 and 15

			Owne	rship (%)	
		Main Business	March 31,	December 31,	
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Activities Software	2014	2013	<u>Description</u>
Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.		33.33	33.33	Note 2
Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Punch Technologies Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	100	100	Notes 5 and 15
Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Software information and supply of electronic services	100	100	Note 3
Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Gash Plus (Japan) Co., Ltd.	Software information and supply of electronic services	100	100	Notes 14 and 15
Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Gash Plus Korea Co., Ltd.	Design and sales of software	100	100	Notes 7 and 15
Punch Technologies Co., Ltd.	Coco Digital Technology (HK) Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	100	100	Notes 9 and 15
Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Webo Digital Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	100	100	
Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Precious Power Digital Technology Co., Ltd.		70	70	
Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Jsdway (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Information and supply of electronic services	60	60	Note 6
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	RitwNow Inc.	E-sports and internet live broadcasting services	51	51	Note 15
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Global Pursuit Co., Ltd.	Software information and supply of electronic services	80	80	Note 15
Global Pursuit Co., Ltd.	Global Pursuit North America Co., Ltd.	IP commodities authorization	100	100	Note 15

		_	Ownership (%)	_
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	March 31, 2013	Description
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gamania Holdings Ltd.		100	<u> </u>
Gamania Holdings Ltd.	Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	
Gamania Holdings Ltd.	Gamania R&D (HK) Holdings Limited	Investment holdings	100	Note 16
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (Japan) Co., Ltd.	Design and sales of software; sales of hardware	100	Note 16
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania China Holdings Ltd.	Investment holdings	98.82	
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Western Holdings Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	Note 16
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Netherlands Holdings Cooperatief U.A.	Investment holdings	100	Note 16
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Joymobee Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Design and research and development of software	100	Notes 10 and 16
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Software information and supply of electronic services	100	
Gamania R&D (HK) Holdings Limited	MoNokos Studio Technology Co., Ltd.	Research and development of software	100	Note 1
Gamania China Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	100	
Gamania China Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Sino Holdings Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	
Gamania Netherlands Holdings Cooperatief U.A.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (Europe) B.V.	Software services and sales	100	Note 16
Gamania Western Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (U.S.) Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	100	Note 16
Gamania Sino Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	Design and sales of software	100	

		<u> </u>	Ownership (%)	_
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	March 31, 2013	Description
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	72.08	Note 16
Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Software services and sales	27.20	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gash Plus Korea Co., Ltd	Design and sales of software	100	Notes 7 and 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Fantasy Fish Digital Games Co., Ltd.	Design and research and development of software	99.75	Notes 4 and 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Fundation Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Publishing of magazines and periodicals	100	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment Labuan Holdings, Ltd.	Investment holdings	100	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Redgate Games Co., Ltd.	Design and research and development of software	100	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Seedo Games Co., Ltd	Software services and sales	100	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Playcoo Co.	Design and research and development of software	77.40	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Two Tigers Co., Ltd.	Animation production	51	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Software information and supply of electronic services	100	
Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Software information and supply of electronic services	33.33	Note 2

			Ownership (%)	
Name of Investor  Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Name of Subsidiary Webo Digital Co., Ltd.	Main Business Activities Software services and sales	March 31, 2013	<u>Description</u>
Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Precious Power Digital Technology Co., Ltd.		70	
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	RitwNow Inc.	E-sports and internet live broadcasting services	51	Note 16
Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Global Pursuit Co., Ltd.	Software information and supply of electronic services	80	Note 16
Global Pursuit Co., Ltd.	Global Pursuit North America Co., Ltd.	IP Commodities authorization	100	Note 16

- Note 1: It was liquidated and the operations ended on September 22, 2013.
- Note 2: Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited holds more than half of the board seats of Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.
- Note 3: Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited is listed as a subsidiary of Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited after reengineering on August 19, 2013.
- Note 4: Fantasy Fish Digital Games Co., Ltd. is listed as a subsidiary of Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited after reengineering on July 10, 2013; Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited did not increase its shares in Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd. during the cash capital increase on September 24, 2013, Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited's shareholding ratio decreased to 44.14% and it lost control over Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd. On the date the control was lost, the remaining capital investment at fair value was recognized as profit of \$2,232.
- Note 5: It was established and registered on April 24, 2013.
- Note 6: Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd. obtained 60% of shares of Jsdway (M) Sdn. Bhd. since the third quarter of 2013.
- Note 7: Formerly Gamania Korea Co., Ltd. is listed as a subsidiary of Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited after reengineering in December 2013.
- Note 8: Formerly known as Answer Co., Ltd., it was registered on December 17, 2013, and renamed on February 17, 2014.
- Note 9: It was established and registered on November 29, 2013.
- Note 10: Formerly known as Firedog Studio Company Ltd. and was renamed on December 30, 2013.
- Note 11: It was established and registered on March 31, 2014.
- Note 12: It was established and registered on May 20, 2013.

- Note 13: It was established and registered on July 25, 2013.
- Note 14: It was established and registered on September 10, 2013.
- Note 15: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 were not reviewed by independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of significant subsidiary.
- Note 16: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013 were not reviewed by independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of significant subsidiary.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Nature and extent of the restrictions on fund remittance from subsidiaries to the parent company: None.

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into

the presentation currency as follows:

- i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, if the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, if the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - a) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
  - b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

#### (6) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading or financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial assets are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial assets held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (8) Available-for-sale financial assets

- A. Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, available-for-sale financial assets are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### (9) Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are receivables originated by the entity. They are created by the entity by selling goods or providing services to customers in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. However, for short-term accounts receivable which are non-interest bearing, as the effect of discounting is insignificant, they are measured subsequently at initial invoice amount.

#### (10) Impairment of financial assets

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

- B. The criteria that the Group uses to determine whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss is as follows:
  - a) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor;
  - b) A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
  - c) The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granted the borrower a concession that a lender would not otherwise consider;
  - d) It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
  - e) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - f) Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial asset in the group, including adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group;
  - g) Information about significant changes with an adverse effect that have taken place in the technology, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates, and indicates that the cost of the investment in the equity instrument may not be recovered; or
  - h) A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.
- C. When the Group assesses that there has been objective evidence of impairment and an impairment loss has occurred, accounting for impairment is made as follows according to the category of financial assets:
  - a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost
    - The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, and is recognised in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost that would have been at the date of reversal had the impairment loss not been recognised previously. Impairment loss is recognized and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.
  - b) Available-for-sale financial assets

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's

acquisition cost (less any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss, and is reclassified from 'other comprehensive income' to 'profit or loss'. Impairment loss of an investment in an equity instrument recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss is recognised and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

#### (11) <u>Derecognization of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The cash flows from the financial asset have been received.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- D. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

#### (12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The original costs are the cost to obtain the assets. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (13) <u>Investments accounted for under the equity method / associates</u>

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 per cent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or/constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity are not recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated

- unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest.
- F. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, then the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, then the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

#### (14) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. If each part of an item of property, plant and equipment has a cost that is significant in relation to the total, the cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful

lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings $3\sim55$  yearsMachinery and equipment $2\sim6$  yearsTransportation equipment5 yearsOffice equipment $2\sim4$  yearsLeasehold assets $2\sim6$  yearsOther equipment $2\sim4$  years

#### (15) Intangible assets

#### A. Trademarks

Trademarks have a finite useful life and are amortized under the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

#### B. Franchises for game development

Franchises for game development are recorded at acquisition cost and amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated service life. Franchises could be deducted from franchises payable amounting to 2% based on sales revenues.

#### C. Franchises for sales of on-line games

Franchises for sales of on-line games are recorded at acquisition cost and amortized over the estimated life of 3 years using the straight-line method.

#### D. Comic copyright

Comic copyright is recorded at acquisition cost and amortized over the estimated life of 1 year using the straight-line method.

#### E. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

- F. Costs of software and copyrights are stated at cost and amortized under the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.
- G. Royalty payments for operating online game software are capitalized and amortized based on the period of the contract or deducted based on actual units of play.

#### (16) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill and intangible assets that have not yet been available for use shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

#### (17) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

#### (18) Notes and accounts payable

Notes and accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. They are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term accounts payable which are non-interest bearing are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (19) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are financial liabilities held for trading or financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition:
  - a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
  - b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
  - c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in

accordance with a documented risk management policy.

B. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial liabilities are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial liabilities are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (20) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (21) Bonds payable

Ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Group are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Ordinary corporate bonds are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortized in profit or loss as an adjustment to the 'finance costs' over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method.

#### (22) Provisions – decommissioning liabilities

Decommissioning liabilities are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Decommissioning liabilities are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date.

#### (23) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### b) Defined benefit plans

i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognized past service costs. The defined

benefit net obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date instead).

- ii. Actuarial gains and losses arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.
- iii. Past service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss if vested immediately; if not, the past service costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. The related information is disclosed accordingly.

#### C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognizes termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination, when it has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees and when it can no longer withdraw the plan. In the case of an offer made by the Group to encourage voluntary termination of employment, the termination benefits are recognized as expenses only when it is probable that the employees are expected to accept the offer and the number of the employees taking the offer can be reliably estimated. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

#### D. Employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. However, if the accrued amounts for employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are different from the actual distributed amounts as resolved by the stockholders at their stockholders' meeting subsequently, the differences should be recognized based on the accounting for changes in estimates. The Group calculates the number of shares of employees' stock bonus based on the fair value per share at the previous day of the stockholders' meeting held in the year following the financial reporting year, and after taking into account the effects of ex-rights and ex-dividends.

#### (24) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

#### (25) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.

- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the tax credits can be utilized.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognized based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

#### (26) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

#### (27) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

#### (28) Revenue recognition

#### A. Sales of goods

a) The Group operates on-line games, sells prepaid cards for on-line games and the related products. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account sales tax, returns and discounts for the sale of goods to external customers in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue arising from the sales of goods should be recognized when the Group has delivered the goods to the customer, the amount of sales revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

The delivery of goods is completed when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, and the customer has accepted the goods based on the sales contract or there is objective evidence showing that all acceptance provisions have been satisfied. Revenue from software and other merchandise is recognized when they are delivered.

b) The Group is engaged in the sale of on-line game stored-value cards and provision of on-line game services. When the consumers purchase the online game credits, and use the credits to exchange for service for playing the on-line games and receiving virtual treasures then the consumed credits are deducted from the players' accounts. The Group recognizes the collections of payments for game card purchases or value-added by players as "advance receipts" within current liabilities, and amortizes those amounts as revenue over the period of the services or the estimated useful period of the virtual items, when they are actually used in the purchases of services or virtual items for online games.

#### B. Sales of services

Commissions received on prepaid cards from the on-line game providers by the Group is deferred and recognized as revenue when services are rendered.

#### (29) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. There is a choice on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis to measure the non-controlling interest in the acquire either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquire's identifiable net assets.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

#### (30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

# 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION</u> UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

#### (1) <u>Critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies</u>

#### A. Financial assets-impairment of equity investments

The Group follows the guidance of IAS 39 to determine whether a financial asset-equity investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an equity investment is less than its cost and the financial health of and short-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

#### B. Revenue recognition on a net/gross basis

The determination of whether the Group is acting as principal or agent in a transaction is based on an evaluation of the Group's exposure to the significant risks and rewards associated with the sale of goods or the rendering of service in accordance with the business model and substance of the transaction. Where the Group acts as a principal, the amount received or receivable from customer is recognized as revenue on a gross basis. Where the Group acts as an agent, net revenue is recognized representing commissions earned.

The following characteristics of a principal are used as indicators to determine whether the Group shall recognize revenue on a gross basis:

- a) The Group has primary responsibilities for the goods or services it provides;
- b) The Group bears inventory risk;
- c) The Group has the latitude in establishing prices for the goods or services, either directly or indirectly.
- d) The Group bears credit risk of customers.

#### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

#### A. Revenue recognition

The Group recognizes the collections of payments for game card purchases or value-added by players as "advance receipts" within current liabilities, and amortizes those amounts as revenue over the period of the services or the estimated useful period of the virtual items, when they are actually used in the purchases of services or virtual items for online games. The Group estimates the deferred amount and period for the related deferred revenue based on historical results and other known factors, and reviews its rationale periodically. As of March 31, 2014, the Group's deferred revenue amounted to \$64,188, shown as "Other current liabilities".

#### B. Impairment assessment on tangible and intangible assets (excluding goodwill)

The Group assesses impairment based on its subjective judgment and determines the separate cash flows of a specific group of assets, useful lives of assets and the future possible income and expenses arising from the assets depending on how assets are utilized and industrial characteristics. Any changes of economic circumstances or estimates due to the change of Group strategy might cause material impairment on assets in the future.

#### C. Impairment assessment on goodwill

The impairment assessment on goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgment, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units. Please refer to Note 6(11) for the information on goodwill impairment.

As of March 31, 2014, the Group recognized goodwill, net of impairment loss, amounting to \$55,866.

#### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Ma	March 31, 2014 D		December 31, 2013		rch 31, 2013
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	1,266	\$	1,138	\$	2,697
Checking accounts and						
demand deposits		698,728		1,310,288		1,065,115
Time deposits		334,844		296,079		430,292
	\$	1,034,838	\$	1,607,505	\$	1,498,104

- A. The Group deals with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at balance sheet date is the carrying amount of all cash and cash equivalents.
- B. Details of the Group's cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

(2)	Financial assets at fair value	_	-				
	Items	<u>Marc</u>	h 31, 2014	<u>Dec</u>	ember 31, 2013	<u>Mar</u>	ch 31, 2013
	Current items						
	Financial assets held for						
	trading						
	Listed (TSE and OTC)						
	stocks	\$	-	\$	2,351	\$	3,843
	Corporate bond funds		204,036		4,000		10,999
	Valuation adjustment of						
	financial assets held for						
	trading	(	198)	(	744)	(	1,301)
			203,838		5,607		13,541
	Financial assets						_
	designated as at fair						
	value through profit or						
	loss on initial						
	recognition						
	Callable preferred						
	stock		_		_		2,850
	Valuation adjustment of						
	financial assets						
	designated as at fair						
	value through profit or						
	loss on initial						
	recognition		-		-		<u> </u>
	S		_		_		2,850
		\$	203,838	\$	5,607	\$	16,391

- A. The Group recognized net gain (loss) of \$547 and (\$518) on financial assets held for trading for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- B. For business operation purposes, the Company's domestic subsidiary, Gamania Asia Investment Co., invested 285 thousand shares at a par value of \$10 (NT dollars) per share in the amount of \$2,850. Such investment is not entitled to a voting right, profit distribution right and the right to claim for remaining property. According to the investment contract, both parties agreed that during the thirty days from the repurchase base day, which is at the expiration of three years of settlement date (May 28, 2010) or other documents' appointment date, the investor can ask the issuer to redeem all of the preferred stock based on fair value at the repurchase base day. If the fair value will be lower than the published price, the issuer will repurchase based on the issue price. In accordance with the contents of the preferred stock contract and IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", the subsidiary is accounted for as Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Gamania Asia Investment Co. had recognized gain of \$1,140 on disposal of financial instruments in second quarter of 2013.

#### (3) Available-for-sale financial assets

Items	March 31, 2014		December 31, 2013		March 31, 2013	
Non-current items:						
Unlisted stock	\$	66,067	\$	66,067	\$	62,979
Valuation adjustment of						
available-for-sale						
financial assets		13,596		2,067		15,470
Accumulated impairment	(	9,206)	(	9,206)	(	9,206)
	\$	70,457	\$	58,928	\$	69,243

- A. The Group recognized \$11,529 and \$438 in other comprehensive income for fair value changes for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- B. There are no available-for-sale financial assets of the Group that are debt instrument investments.
- C. As of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, no available-for-sale financial assets of the Group were pledged as collateral.

#### (4) Notes receivable - net

` ′		Ma	rch 31, 2014	De	cember 31, 2013		March 31, 2013
	Notes receivable	\$	8,801	\$	10,431	\$	23,580
	Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	8,801	\$	10,431	<u>\$</u>	23,580
(5)	Accounts receivable						
		Ma	rch 31, 2014	De	cember 31, 2013		March 31, 2013
	Accounts receivable	\$	1,920,511	\$	1,585,073	\$	1,503,123
	Less: Allowance for						
	doubtful accounts	(	73,970)	(	65,289)	(	91,835)
	Allowance for sales						
	returns	(	2,292)	(	537)	(_	537)
		\$	1,844,249	\$	1,519,247	\$	1,410,751

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable (including overdue accounts receivable) that were past due is as follows:

-	Marc	March 31, 2014		December 31, 2013		rch 31, 2013
Up to 30 days	\$	397,400	\$	252,078	\$	237,915
31~60 days		64,911		73,838		67,476
61~90 days		12,324		23,028		12,437
91~180 days		30,343		11,993		19,681
Over 180 days		186,432		217,088		192,122
	\$	691,410	\$	578,025	\$	529,631

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of accounts receivable (including notes receivable and overdue accounts receivable) are as follows:

- a) As of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, the Group's notes receivable, accounts receivable and overdue accounts receivable that were impaired amounted to \$188,257, \$178,176 and \$159,855, respectively.
- b) Movement on allowance for bad debts is as follows:

			20	014		
	Indivi	dual provision	Grou	p provision		Total
At January 1	\$	112,887	\$	65,289	\$	178,176
Provision for impairment		1,400		8,618		10,018
Effect of exchange rate		,		63		63
At March 31	\$	114,287	\$	73,970	\$	188,257
	Ψ	111,207	Ψ	73,770	Ψ	100,257
			20	013		
	<u>Indivi</u>	dual provision	Grou	p provision		Total
At January 1	\$	68,005	\$	76,778		144,783
Provision for impairment		-		14,551		14,551
Effect of exchange rate		15		506		521
At March 31	\$	68,020	\$	91,835	\$	159,855

C. The accounts receivable were neither past due nor impaired since the Group had properly screened and managed the credit of the counterparties that have certain standard credit quality. Thus, there is no significant credit risk. The balances are as follows:

	Ma	rch 31, 2014	Dece	ember 31, 2013	Ma	arch 31, 2013
Neither past due nor						
impaired	\$	1,349,985	\$	1,127,932	\$	1,048,860

- D. The maximum exposure to credit risk at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 was the carrying amount of each class of accounts receivable.
- E. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

### (6) Inventories

		March 31, 2014	
		Allowance for	
		obsolescence and	
	Cost	market value decline	Book value
Inventories	<u>\$ 170,329</u>	( <u>\$ 1,187</u> )	\$ 169,142
		December 31, 2013	
		Allowance for	
		obsolescence and	
	Cost	market value decline	Book value
Inventories	\$ 64,284	( <u>\$ 1,198</u> )	\$ 63,086

		March	n 31, 2013	
		Allov	vance for	
		obsole	scence and	
	 Cost	market	value decline	 Book value
Inventories	\$ 151,596	(\$	1,235)	\$ 150,361

Expenses and losses incurred on inventories for the period:

	For the	three-month per	<u>riods ended N</u>	March 31,
		2014	201	13
(Reversal of allowance) provision for inventory				
obsolescence and market price decline	(\$	12)	\$	6

As the net realizable value of inventory previously provided with allowance improved in the first quarter of 2014, gain on reversal was recognized.

### (7) Investments accounted for under the equity method

#### A. List of long-term investments

	March 3	1, 2014	December	31, 2013	March 31, 2013	
	Ownership		Ownership		Ownership	
Name of associates	percentage	Balance	percentage	Balance	percentage	Balance
Taiwan e-sports Co., Ltd. (Taiwan						
e-sports)	30.94	\$ 11,574	30.94	\$ 12,687	40.70	\$ 6,269
Machi Pictures Co., Ltd. (Machi						
Pictures) (Note)	33.33	-	33.33	-	33.33	18,552
Pri-One Marketing Co., Ltd.	30.00	1,835	30.00	1,756	-	-
Firedog Creative Co., Ltd. (Firedog)	40.00	6,341	40.00	7,375	-	-
Fantasy Fish Digital Games Co., Ltd.	44.08	21,680	44.08	20,323	-	
		\$ 41,430		\$ 42,141		\$ 24,821

Note: As the Company intends to provide endorsements, guarantees or financial support for Machi Pictures, the investment loss is recognized continuously in proportion to the Company's equity interest in the investee. Thus, as of March 31, 2014 and 2013, the credit balance of investment was (\$10) and (\$4), respectively, and accounted in other liabilities (shown in 'other non-current liabilities').

- B. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Group's associates were accounted for using equity method based on their unreviewed financial statements.
- C. The Group's subsidiary, Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited, has lost its control over Fantasy Fish Digital Games Co., Ltd. for not investing in the capital increase in September and November, 2013 and not holding more than half of the board seats. Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited's shareholding ratio dropped from 100% to 44.08% and it did not associate with the Group at the end of the third quarter of 2013. Accordingly, only its profit for the first three quarters of 2013 was included in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

# D. The financial information of the Group's principal associates is summarized below:

			-		_		_	OL 1/2	% interest
		Assets	<u>L</u> 1	<u>iabilities</u>	_ <u>_</u> R	Revenue	Pro	ofit/(Loss)	held
March 31, 2014									
Taiwan e-sports	\$	43,768	\$	6,353	\$	4,313	(\$	3,137)	30.94%
Machi Pictures		1,285		1,315		-	(	38)	33.33%
Pri-One		8,572		2,457		5,332		261	30.00%
Firedog		2,188		971		965	(	8,495)	40.00%
Fantasy Fish		85,554		36,371		35,757		3,079	44.08%
	\$	141,367	\$	47,467	\$	46,367	( <u>\$</u>	8,330)	
									% interest
	_	Assets	$\underline{L}_{i}$	<u>iabilities</u>	R	<u>Revenue</u>	Pro	ofit/(Loss)	held
<u>December 31, 20</u>	<u>13</u>								
Taiwan e-sports	\$	51,824	\$	10,811	\$	24,058	(\$	17,054)	30.94%
Machi Pictures		1,383		1,396		31,392	(	56,256)	33.33%
Pri-One		8,584		2,730		14,205		854	30.00%
Firedog		5,641		1,573		341	(	5,477)	40.00%
Fantasy Fish		63,952		17,848		19,487	(	7,830)	44.08%
	\$	131,384	\$	34,358	\$	89,483	( <u>\$</u>	<u>85,763</u> )	
									% interest
		Assets	<u>L</u> :	<u>iabilities</u>	_R	<u>Revenue</u>	Pro	ofit/(Loss)	held
March 31, 2013									
Taiwan e-sports	\$	25,488	\$	10,085	\$	5,099	(\$	3,239)	40.70%
Machi Pictures		109,564		53,908			(	<u>587</u> )	33.33%
	\$	135,052	\$	63,993	\$	5,099	( <u>\$</u>	<u>3,826</u> )	

The fair value is not applicable to the Group since the Group's associates have no quoted market price.

# (8) Property, plant and equipment

	Land	]	Buildings	_1	Machinery		ansportation equipment	ec	Office quipment		easehold provements	ec	Other quipment		pment to nspected		Total
At January 1, 2014					-										_		
Cost	\$ 157,449	\$	203,942	\$	731,430	\$	7,332	\$	84,752	\$	65,461	\$	36,340	\$	1,722	\$ 2	1,288,428
Accumulated depreciation	-	(	46,061)	(	428,085)	(	2,845)	(	56,065)	(	36,029)	(	18,530)		-	(	587,615)
Accumulated impairment	<u>-</u>			(	6,382)		<u> </u>	(	<u>45</u> )							(	6,427)
	\$ 157,449	\$	157,881	\$	296,963	\$	4,487	\$	28,642	\$	29,432	\$	17,810	\$	1,722	\$	694,386
Three-month period ended																	
March 31, 2014																	
Opening net book amount	\$ 157,449	\$	157,881	\$	296,963	\$	4,487	\$	28,642	\$	29,432	\$	17,810	\$	1,722	\$	694,386
Additions	-		-		24,551		-		542		3,900		80		116		29,189
Disposals	-		-	(	45)		-	(	2)		-	(	19)		-	(	66)
Reclassifications	-		-		1,783		-		-		=		-	(	1,783)		-
Depreciation charge	-	(	2,739)	(	36,821)	(	405)	(	3,825)	(	2,467)	(	1,642)		=	(	47,899)
Net exchange differences	<u> </u>		784	_	1,001		<u> </u>	(	<u>355</u> )		300		396		61		2,364
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 157,626</u>	\$	155,926	\$	287,432	\$	4,082	\$	25,002	\$	31,165	\$	16,625	\$	116	\$	677,974
At March 31, 2014																	
Cost	\$ 157,626	\$	204,883	\$	750,891	\$	7,332	\$	82,257	\$	69,367	\$	37,323	\$	116	\$ 2	,309,795
Accumulated depreciation	-	(	48,957)	(	457,077)	(	3,250)	(	57,208)	(	38,202)	(	20,698)		-	(	625,392)
Accumulated impairment		_		(	6,382)		<u>-</u>	(	<u>47</u> )		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(	6,429)
	\$ 157,626	\$	155,926	\$	287,432	\$	4,082	\$	25,002	\$	31,165	\$	16,625	\$	116	\$	677,974

	Land	Buildings Machinery	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements	Other equipment	Equipment to be inspected Tot	tal
At January 1, 2013								
Cost	\$ 157,192	\$ 211,280 \$ 775,954	\$ 7,904	\$ 92,919	\$ 123,746	\$ 27,246	\$ 2,673 \$ 1,398	3,914
Accumulated depreciation	-	( 43,570) ( 361,359	1,410)	( 52,072)	( 72,961)	( 9,174)	- ( 540	),546)
Accumulated impairment	<del></del>		<u>-</u>	( <u>1,639</u> )	<u>-</u>			5,313)
	<u>\$ 157,192</u>	<u>\$ 167,710</u> <u>\$ 409,921</u>	\$ 6,494	\$ 39,208	\$ 50,785	<u>\$ 18,072</u>	<u>\$ 2,673  \$ 852</u>	2,055
Three-month period ended								
March 31, 2013								
Opening net book amount	\$ 157,192	\$ 167,710 \$ 409,921	\$ 6,494	\$ 39,208	\$ 50,785	\$ 18,072	\$ 2,673 \$ 852	2,055
Additions	-	- 9,907	-	887	224	1,536	- 12	2,554
Disposals	-	- ( 1,539	36	( 589)	( 300)	( 552)	- ( 2	2,944)
Reclassifications	-	- ( 10,868	-	4,425	-	6,443	-	-
Depreciation charge	-	( 1,743) ( 37,803	424)	( 3,936)	( 14,509)	( 2,167)	- ( 60	),582)
Net exchange differences	233	(45) (332	( 620)	2	474	27	(157) (	418)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 157,425</u>	<u>\$ 165,922</u> <u>\$ 369,286</u>	<u>\$ 5,486</u>	\$ 39,997	<u>\$ 36,674</u>	<u>\$ 23,359</u>	<u>\$ 2,516</u> <u>\$ 800</u>	) <u>,665</u>
At March 31, 2013								
Cost	\$ 157,425	\$ 206,585 \$ 740,708	\$ 7,277	\$ 99,433	\$ 119,155	\$ 36,285	\$ 2,516 \$ 1,369	),384
Accumulated depreciation	-	( 40,663) ( 365,112	1,791)	( 59,392)	( 82,481)	( 12,926)	- ( 562	2,365)
Accumulated impairment	<u>-</u> _	(6,310		(44)	<u> </u>			5,354)
	<u>\$ 157,425</u>	<u>\$ 165,922</u> <u>\$ 369,286</u>	\$ 5,486	\$ 39,997	\$ 36,674	<u>\$ 23,359</u>	<u>\$ 2,516</u> <u>\$ 800</u>	) <u>,665</u>

A. No borrowing costs were capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

# (9) <u>Intangible assets</u>

				Otl	ner				
		Agency	Software	intangib	le asset	Trademarl	<u>. (</u>	Goodwill	Total
At January 1, 2014				-				_	
Cost		\$ 339,109	\$ 135,637	\$ 5	52,514	\$ 105	\$	74,537	\$601,902
Accumulated amortization		( 86,685)			24,034)		)	-	(186,924)
Accumulated impairment		( 61,550)	(29,630)		-		´ (	13,914)	( 105,094)
1		\$ 190,874	\$ 29,810	\$ 2	28,480	\$ 97	\$	60,623	\$309,884
Three-month period ended		<u>* 133,07.</u>	<del>+ 27,010</del>	<u>*                                    </u>	<del>- 0 , 10 0</del>	¥ ,	<u>*</u>	00,020	<del>4007,007</del>
March 31, 2014									
Opening net book amount		\$ 190,874	\$ 29,810	\$ 2	28,480	\$ 97	\$	60,623	\$309,884
Additions		30,169	11,290	ψ 2	3,370	ψ <i>21</i>	φ	-	44,829
Amortization charge				(	5,886)	-		-	
Transfer to other expenses		( 20,684)	( 11,460)	,	56)	-		-	
•		- 1 472)	-	(		-		-	
Disposals Reclassifications		(1,472)	- 2 210)	(	440)	-		-	( 1,912)
		- 10 ((2)	( 2,310)		2,546	-	,	- - 250\	236
Impairment loss		( 10,663)	- 505		200	-	(	5,258)	
Net exchange differences		697	585	φ	300	4	Φ.	501	2,087
Closing net book amount		<u>\$ 188,921</u>	<u>\$ 27,895</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	28,314	<u>\$ 101</u>	\$	55,866	<u>\$301,097</u>
At March 31, 2014									
Cost		\$ 327,198	\$ 115,440		51,206	\$ 109		75,054	\$569,007
Accumulated amortization			(56,772)	( 2	22,892)	( 8	)	-	(176,057)
Accumulated impairment		(41,892)	$(\underline{30,773})$				(	19,188)	( <u>91,853</u> )
		<b>\$</b> 188,921	\$ 27,895	\$ 2	28,314	\$ 101	\$	55,866	\$301,097
								_	
				Otl	ner				
	Patent	Agency	Software	Oth intangib		Trademarl	<u> </u>	Goodwill	Total
At January 1, 2013	<u>Patent</u>		Software			Trademarl	<u> </u>	Goodwill	<u>Total</u>
At January 1, 2013 Cost	<u>Patent</u> \$ 8,538		<u>Software</u> \$ 147,178	intangib		Trademarl		Goodwill 89,437	
		Agency \$ 507,434	\$ 147,178	intangib	le asset	\$ 4,526	\$		
Cost	\$ 8,538	Agency \$ 507,434	\$ 147,178	intangib	<u>sle asset</u>	\$ 4,526	\$		\$ 812,976
Cost Accumulated amortization	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894)	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282)	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib \$ 5	<u>sle asset</u>	\$ 4,526 ( 830	\$	89,437	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135)	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763)	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib \$ 5	55,863 12,573)	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( <u>374</u>	\$	89,437 - 10,019)	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135)	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763)	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib \$ 5	55,863 12,573)	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( <u>374</u>	\$	89,437 - 10,019)	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808) 	intangib  \$	55,863 12,573) - 43,290	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u>	\$ ) ) ( <u>\$</u>	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509	Agency  \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808) 	intangib  \$	55,863 12,573) - 43,290	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( <u>374</u>	\$	89,437 - 10,019)	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509	Agency  \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389  \$ 163,389 23,061	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808) \$ 70,370 \$ 70,370 7,900	intangib	12,573) - 13,290 13,290 1,655	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322	\$ ) ) ( <u>\$</u> \$	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298 \$ 361,298 32,616
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509	Agency  \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389  \$ 163,389 23,061	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808) \$ 70,370 \$ 70,370 7,900	intangib	12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547)	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322	\$ ) ) ( <u>\$</u> \$	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) <u>\$ 361,298</u> \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509	Agency  \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389  \$ 163,389 23,061	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808) \$ 70,370 \$ 70,370 7,900	intangib	12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547) 1,061)	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322	\$ ) ) ( <u>\$</u> \$	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298 \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509	Agency  \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389  \$ 163,389 23,061	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808) \$ 70,370 \$ 70,370 7,900	intangib	12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547)	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322 - ( 344	\$ ) ) ( <u>\$</u> \$	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418 - 79,418	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298 \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications Impairment loss	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509 - ( 1,495)	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389 23,061 ( 19,567)	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib	155,863 12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547) 1,061) 7,015)	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322 - ( 344 -	\$ ) ) ( <u>\$</u> \$	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418 - - - - 1,891)	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298 \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015) ( 1,891)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications Impairment loss Net exchange differences	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509 	Agency  \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389 23,061 ( 19,567) ( 5,245)	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib	155,863 12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547) 1,061) 7,015) 14,751	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322 - ( 344 - - 211	\$ ) ) (	89,437 10,019) 79,418 79,418 - - 1,891) 644	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298 \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015) ( 1,891) ( 3,848)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications Impairment loss	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509 - ( 1,495)	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389 23,061 ( 19,567)	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib	155,863 12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547) 1,061) 7,015)	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322 - ( 344 -	\$ ) ) (	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418 - - - - 1,891)	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298 \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015) ( 1,891)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications Impairment loss Net exchange differences Closing net book amount	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509 	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389 23,061 ( 19,567) ( 5,245)	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib	155,863 12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547) 1,061) 7,015) 14,751	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322 - ( 344 - - 211	\$ ) ) (	89,437 10,019) 79,418 79,418 - - 1,891) 644	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298 \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015) ( 1,891) ( 3,848)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications Impairment loss Net exchange differences Closing net book amount  At March 31, 2013	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509 	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389 23,061 ( 19,567) ( 5,245) \$ 161,638	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib	155,863 12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547) 1,061) 7,015) 1,7,015) 1,7,015	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 \$ 3,322 \$ 3,322 - ( 344 - - 211 \$ 3,189	\$ (	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418  79,418 1,891) 644 78,171	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) \$ 361,298 \$ 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015) ( 1,891) ( 3,848) \$ 340,150
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications Impairment loss Net exchange differences Closing net book amount  At March 31, 2013 Cost	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509 	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389 23,061 ( 19,567) ( 5,245) \$ 161,638	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib	1,655 1,061) 1,061) 1,073	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322 - ( 344 - - - 211 <u>\$ 3,189</u>	\$ ( \\ \frac{\\$}{\\$} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	89,437 10,019) 79,418 79,418 - - 1,891) 644	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) <u>\$ 361,298</u> \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015) ( 1,891) ( 3,848) <u>\$ 340,150</u> \$ 833,134
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications Impairment loss Net exchange differences Closing net book amount  At March 31, 2013 Cost Accumulated amortization	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509 ( 1,495) 20 \$ 34 \$ 8,559 ( 6,390)	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389 23,061 ( 19,567) ( 5,245) \$ 161,638  \$ 525,250 ( 312,849)	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib	155,863 12,573) 12,573) 143,290 1,655 11,547) 1,061) 7,015) 1,7,015) 1,7,015	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322 - ( 344 - - - 211 <u>\$ 3,189</u> \$ 4,737 ( 1,174	\$ ( \leftilde{\subseteq} \frac{\subseteq}{\subseteq} \frac	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418 - 79,418 - 1,891) 644 78,171	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) <u>\$ 361,298</u> \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015) ( 1,891) ( 3,848) <u>\$ 340,150</u> \$ 833,134 ( 428,337)
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment  Three-month period ended March 31, 2013 Opening net book amount Additions Amortization charge Transfer to other expenses Reclassifications Impairment loss Net exchange differences Closing net book amount  At March 31, 2013 Cost	\$ 8,538 ( 4,894) ( 2,135) \$ 1,509 \$ 1,509 	Agency \$ 507,434 ( 293,282) ( 50,763) \$ 163,389 23,061 ( 19,567) ( 5,245) \$ 161,638	\$ 147,178 ( 76,808)	intangib	1,655 1,061) 1,061) 1,073 1,073	\$ 4,526 ( 830 ( 374 <u>\$ 3,322</u> \$ 3,322 - ( 344 - - - 211 <u>\$ 3,189</u>	\$ ( \( \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{3}} \)	89,437 - 10,019) 79,418  79,418 1,891) 644 78,171	\$ 812,976 ( 388,387) ( 63,291) <u>\$ 361,298</u> \$ 361,298 32,616 ( 39,949) ( 1,061) ( 7,015) ( 1,891) ( 3,848) <u>\$ 340,150</u> \$ 833,134

#### A. The details of amortization are as follows:

	For the	ded March 31,		
		2013		
Operating costs	\$	24,882	\$	24,104
Selling expenses		1,660		3,753
General and administrative expenses		11,095		8,486
Research and development expenses		413		3,606
	\$	38,050	\$	39,949

B. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment as follows:

	March 31, 2014		Dec	ember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013	
Goodwill						
Playcoo	\$	46,552	\$	46,552	\$	46,552
GCH		27,264		26,763		26,696
Sino		930		914		-
Jsdway(M) Sdn. Bhd.		308		308		-
Fantasy Fish		-		-		1,891
Firedog		<u> </u>		_		14,407
		75,054		74,537		89,546
Less: accumulated						
impairment	(	<u>19,188</u> )	(	13,914)	(	<u>11,375</u> )
	\$	55,866	\$	60,623	\$	78,171

C. Impairment information about the intangible assets is provided in Note 6(11).

#### (10) Non-current assets

· ————————————————————————————————————						
	Marcl	h 31, 2014	Dec	cember 31, 2013	M	arch 31, 2013
Overdue accounts receivable	\$	120,884	\$	120,884	\$	75,368
Less: Allowance for						
doubtful accounts	(	114,287)	(	112,887)	(	68,020)
Refundable deposit		45,623		46,045		49,406
Prepayment for investments		6,000		6,000		6,585
Other financial						
assets-non-current		5,007		5,007		-
Others		677		829		6,165
	\$	63,904	\$	65,878	\$	69,504

The Company's indirect subsidiary, Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd., did not fully provide its overdue accounts receivable with allowance as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 since based on its assessment, such receivables were collectible.

### (11) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

A. The Group recognized impairment loss amounting to \$15,921 and \$2,989 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Details of such loss are as follows:

	For the three-month per	iod ended March 31, 2014
	•	Recognised in other
	Recognised in profit or lo	ss comprehensive income
Impairment loss-goodwill	\$ 5,25	58 \$ -
Impairment loss-agency	10,66	-
	\$ 15,92	21 \$ -
	For the three-month per	iod ended March 31, 2013
	•	Recognised in other
	Recognised in profit or lo	ss comprehensive income
Impairment loss-goodwill	\$ 1,89	91 \$ -
Impairment loss-investment		
accounted for using equity		
method	1,09	<u> </u>
	\$ 2,98	<u> </u>

- B. The Company's certain subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method recognised impairment loss on goodwill and investment for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 after assessing that the recoverable amounts of the value of future cash inflows are lower than the carrying amount. The value of future cash inflows was based on the best estimate of information available at the balance sheet date.
- C. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2014, the Group has recognised impairment loss on distribution right since the carrying amount is greater than recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is revenue incurred from expected points for on-line games used by consumers less expected expenditures.

### (12) Short-term borrowings

	<u>Ma</u>	arch 31, 2014	<u>December 31, 2013</u>			March 31, 2013	
Unsecured bank loans	\$	18,889	\$	13,559	\$	82,728	
Credit lines	\$	567,630	\$	1,950,738	\$	1,991,914	
Interest rate		1.15%~1.42%		1.15%~7.20%		1.18%~7.20%	

### (13) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

<u>Items</u>	March 31, 2014		December 31, 20	13	March 31	, 2013
Current items						
Financial liabilities						
designated as at fair						
value through profit or						
loss on initial						
recognition						
Callable preferred						
stock liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,850
Valuation adjustment of						
financial liabilities						
designated as at fair						
value through profit or						
loss on initial						
recognition						6,766
Total	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,616

For business operation purposes, the Company's domestic subsidiary, Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd., formerly Taiwan Index Co., Ltd., issued 285 thousand shares of preferred stock at a par value of \$10 (NT dollars) per share in the amount of \$2,850 which was approved by the Board of Directors on March 30, 2010. At the expiration of three years from issuance date, if the fair value of the preferred stock is higher than the appointed base price, Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd. can request for the redemption of the stock based on the fair value, otherwise it will have to redeem the stock based on the appointed base price. Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd. has disposed the financial liability at fair value through profit or loss in the second quarter of 2013, and recognised gain on financial liability measured at fair value through profit or loss of \$5,626.

### (14) Other payables

	Ma	arch 31, 2014	December 31, 2013		March 31, 2013	
Salary payable and annual						
bonus	\$	102,975	\$	170,535	\$	136,461
Employees' bonus payable		9,069		3,315		18,496
Compensation payable to						
directors and supervisors		929		185		2,763
Tax payable		47,925		40,500		55,111
Payable for equipment and						
intangible assets		23,453		38,672		2,857
Others		142,282		114,226		146,053
	\$	326,633	\$	367,433	\$	361,741

(15) Other current liabilities
--------------------------------

	M	Iarch 31, 2014	Dec	cember 31, 2013	M	arch 31, 2013
Unearned revenue collected						
in advance	\$	541,861	\$	477,522	\$	468,400
Current portion of long-term						
liabilities		17,185		16,569		22,841
Receipts under custody		9,704		9,622		13,491
Tax receipts under custody		2,300		3,136		2,740
Others		7,823		14,824		48,703
	\$	578,873	\$	521,673	\$	556,175

## (16) Bonds payable

	<u> Marc</u>	h 31, 2014	Dece	ember 31, 2013	<u>M</u>	larch 31, 2013
Bonds payable	\$	32,000	\$	37,659	\$	52,723
Less: Current portion	(	17,185)	(	16,547)	(	18,421)
	\$	14,815	\$	21,112	\$	34,302

The Company's subsidiary, Gamania Digital Entertainment (Japan) Co., Ltd., issued unsecured corporate bonds in the amount of JPY200 million, as approved by the local competent authorities. The major terms of the corporate bonds are as follows:

<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Term</u>	Tota	l credit line	Coupon rate	Repayment terms
2011.10.31	Five years	\$ (JPY	17,696 50 million)	0.63%	Amount of JPY 5 million is repayable for the principal in each April and October from the issue date, and simple interest is payable every year from the issue date based on the coupon rate.
2012.07.31	Three years	\$ (JPY	56,740 150 million)	0.49%	Amount of JPY 24 million is repayable for the principal in each January and July from the issue date, and simple interest is payable every year from the issue date based on the coupon rate.

### (17) Long-term borrowings

Bank	Period / Terms of repayment	Interest	Collateral	December 31, 2013
Yuanta Bank	Monthly installments	2.99%	Car	\$ 22
Less: Current portion	2011/1/14~2014/1/13			(
				\$ -
Bank	Period / Terms of repayment	Interest	Collateral	March 31, 2013
Sumitomo Mitsui	2010/9/1~2013/8/30	1.775%	Note	\$ 3,812
<b>Banking Coporation</b>	Equal quarterly installments			
Yuanta Bank	2010/12/30~2013/12/29	2.99%	Car	
	Monthly installments			389
Yuanta Bank	2011/1/14~2014/1/13	2.99%	Car	219
	Monthly installments			
				4,420
Less: Current portion				((4,420)
				\$ -

As of March 31, 2014, the Group did not have any long-term borrowing.

Note: The ultimate parent, Gamania Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd., is the guarantor.

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	March 31, 2014		<u>December 31, 2013</u>		March 31, 2013	
Fixed rate:						
Expiring within one year	\$	-	\$	2,168	\$	29,291
Expiring beyond one year				<u>-</u>		
	\$	_	\$	2,168	\$	29,291

#### (18) Pensions

A.

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee.
- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$316 and \$398 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Details of costs and expenses recognised in statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	For the	e three-month pe	riods e	nded March 31,	
		2014	2013		
Cost of sales	\$	23	\$	34	
Selling expenses		45		49	
General and administrative expenses		175		226	
Research and development expenses		73		89	
	\$	316	\$	398	

(g) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group within one year from March 31, 2014 are \$1,765.

В.

(a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension

- accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The Company's mainland subsidiary, Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd., has a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on a certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were both 20%~22%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
- (c) Gamania Digital Entertainment (Japan) Co., Ltd., Gamania Digital Entertainment (H.K.) Co., Ltd., Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited, Gash Plus Korea Co., Ltd. and Joymobee Entertainment Co., Ltd. provide pension reserves annually for their employees in accordance with the local regulations.
- (d) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$7,322 and \$10,769, respectively.

### (19) Share-based payment

A. As of March 31, 2013, the Company's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

			Contract	
Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	<u>period</u>	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options	2007.12.17	12,000,000 units	6 years	Note

Note: Employees will be able to exercise these options after two years in accordance with the procedures of the employee stock option plan.

The above share-based payment arrangements are equity-settled.

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended March 31,						
		2014		2013			
		Weighted-average		Weighted-average			
		exercise price		exercise price			
	No. of options	(in dollars) (Note 1)	No. of options	(in dollars) (Note 1)			
Options outstanding at							
beginning of the period	3,955	\$ 23.00	4,742	\$ 23.00			
Options granted	-	-	-	-			
Distribution of stock dividends							
/ adjustments for number of							
shares granted for one unit of							
option	-	-	-	-			
Options forfeited	-	-	-	-			
Options exercised							
(Note 2)	-	-	( 214)	-			
Options expired	$(\underline{3,955})$	-	(17)	-			
Options outstanding at end of							
the period	_	23.00	4,511	23.00			
Options exercisable at end of			<del></del>				
•			1 511				
the period			4,511				

- Note 1: The exercise price has been adjusted in accordance with the terms of the plan.
- Note 2: As of March 31, 2013, 229 thousand shares were accounted for under stock subscriptions received in advance as the record date for the capital increase has not been set yet.
- C. The weighted-average stock price of stock options at exercise date for the three-month period ended March 31, 2013 was \$25.85 (in dollars).
- D. As of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, the exercise price of stock options outstanding was both \$23, and the weighted-average remaining contractual period was 0 year and 0.67 year, respectively.

### (20) Provisions for other liabilities

	Decommissi	oning liabilities
At January 1, 2014	\$	2,853
Additional provisions		-
Used during the period		-
Exchange differences		110
At March 31, 2014	<u>\$</u>	2,963
	Decommissi	oning liabilities
At January 1, 2013	\$	5,421
Additional provisions		1,748
Exchange differences	(	302)
At March 31, 2013	\$	6,867

In accordance which the applicable agreement or the law/regulation requirement, the Group bears the obligation for dismantling, removing the asset and restoring the site for certain property, plant and equipment which were placed in Hong Kong and Japan in the future. A provision is recognized for the present value of costs to be incurred for dismantling, removing the asset and restoring the site. The provision is expected to be used starting from 2013.

#### (21) Common stock

As of March 31, 2014, the Company's authorized capital was \$2,500,000, consisting of 250 million shares of ordinary stock (including 12 million shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,575,936 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

#### (22) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Law, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above

- should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
- B. When it is resolved by the shareholders at their shareholders' meeting, legal reserve and whole or part of capital reserve arising from the following items can be used to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit:
  - a) Paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks; and
  - b) Donations.
- C. On March 17, 2014, the Board of Directors proposed to use paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks to issue cash of \$0.5 (in dollars) per share, totaling \$78,797, to stockholders.

### (23) <u>Unappropriated retained earnings (Accumulated deficit)</u>

- A. As stipulated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:
  - a) Paying all taxes and duties.
  - b) Covering prior years' accumulated deficit, if any.
  - c) After deducting items a and b, 10% of the remaining amount is appropriated as legal reserve.
  - d) In addition to the amount appropriated for legal reserve, the Company may appropriate an amount equal to the negative items in the stockholders' equity from retained earnings as special reserve.
  - e) Interest on capital.
  - f) After deducting items a to e,  $10\% \sim 15\%$  of the remaining earnings is appropriated as employees' bonuses and up to 2% as remuneration to directors and supervisors.
  - g) The remaining amount is to be distributed to stockholders in accordance with the resolution adopted at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

C.

a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

- b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi Letter No. 1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently.
- D. Pursuant to a resolution approved in the stockholders' meeting on June 19, 2013, the Company made the following appropriations of 2012 net income: legal reserve of \$159,610, capital reserve of \$123,619 and cover the accumulated deficit of \$283,229. No employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration was distributed as approved during the stockholders' meeting. The deficit compensation for 2012 as stated above is in agreement with that proposed by the Board of Directors on March 25, 2013.
- E. The Board of Directors during its meeting on March 17, 2014 resolved to propose the following appropriations from 2013 earnings: cover accumulated deficit of \$35,362 from net income of 2013, legal reserve of \$3,856 and special reserve of \$34,703. No dividends from 2013 earnings was proposed for distribution to stockholders. Further, no employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration was proposed for 2013 by the Board of Directors. As of May 7, 2014, the stockholders have not yet resolved the aforementioned appropriation.
- F. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, employees' bonus was accrued at \$5,695 and \$13,701, respectively; and directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$759 and \$1,827, respectively. The above amounts constitute 10%~15% and 2%, respectively, of the net income after taking into account the legal reserve, and are recognized as operating cost and expense. If the actual distribution amounts are different from the estimated amounts, the difference will be adjusted in the statement of comprehensive income of the following year.

Information about the appropriation of employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (24) Other equity items

	Available-for-		Currency			
	sale	investment	tra	anslation		Total
At January 1, 2014	\$	2,067	(\$	48,198)	(\$	46,131)
Valuation adjustments		11,529		-		11,529
Currency translation differences:						
- Group				11,796		11,796
At March 31, 2014	\$	13,596	(\$	36,402)	(\$	22,806)

	Available- sale invest	ment_	Currency translation		Total
At January 1, 2013	\$ 15	5,032	(\$ 44,9	930)	(\$ 29,898)
Valuation adjustments Currency translation differences:		438		-	438
- Group		-	2,0	)53	2,053
At March 31, 2013	\$ 15	5,470	(\$ 42,8	<u>377</u> )	$(\underline{\$} 27,407)$
(25) Operating revenue					
		For th	e three-month pe	eriods	s ended March 31,
			2014		2013
Sales revenue-net		\$	2,426,432	\$	2,019,237
Service revenue			4,875		6,590
Other operating revenue			34,798		38,578
		\$	2,466,105	\$	2,064,405
(26) Other income					
`		For th	e three-month pe	eriods	s ended March 31,
			2014		2013
Rental revenue		\$	535	\$	217
Interest income from bank deposits			782		953
Other income			5,791		4,729
		\$	7,108	\$	5,899
(27) Other gains and losses					
()		For th	e three-month pe	eriods	s ended March 31,
			2014		2013
Net gain (loss) on financial assets at	fair value				
through profit or loss		\$	547	(\$	518)
Net currency exchange loss		(	8,206)	(	1,162)
Loss on disposal of property, plant a	nd	,	52)		11.6
equipment Impairment loss		(	52)	(	116)
Others		(	15,921) 5,037)	(	2,989) 7,133)
others	,	(\$	28,669)	(\$	11,918)
	,	( <u>Ψ</u>	20,007)	( <u>Ψ</u>	11,710)
(28) <u>Finance costs</u>		F 41	.1 .1		1 11 1 21
		For th	-	rioas	ended March 31,
Interest over a very			2014		2013
Interest expense: Bank borrowings		\$	310	\$	1,045
Bonds payable		φ	74	Φ	278
Others			180		<i>21</i> 0
		\$	564	\$	1,323

## (29) Expenses by nature

Expenses by nature	Fort	he three-month pe	riods a	nded March 31
	101 (	-	Hous el	
		2014		2013
On-line game cost	\$	318,002	\$	550,109
Point service cost		998,280		406,687
Cost of physical sales		520,353		329,918
Other operating cost		34,273		32,617
Bad debt expense		10,018		14,551
Operating lease payments		22,319		30,589
Advertising expense		78,349		54,209
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		47,899		60,582
Amortization expense		38,050		41,732
Service fees		10,572		22,962
Travel expenses		9,031		8,943
Utilities expenses		7,364		10,959
Employee benefit expenses		249,182		338,591
Other expenses		39,313		45,571
	\$	2,383,005	\$	1,948,020

# (30) Employee benefit expense

-	For the three-month periods ended March 31,				
	<u> </u>	2014		2013	
Wages and salaries	\$	215,627	\$	292,763	
Employee stock options		-		208	
Labor and health insurance fees		16,974		22,131	
Pension costs		7,638		11,167	
Other personnel expenses		8,943		12,322	
	\$	249,182	\$	338,591	

# (31) Income tax

## A. Income tax expense

Components of income tax expense:

•	For the three-month periods ended March 31,				
		2014	2013		
Current tax					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	18,019	\$	23,563	
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(	466)		7,500	
Total current tax		17,553		31,063	
Deferred tax					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences	(	1,377)	(	3,831)	
Impact of change in tax rate		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
Total deferred tax	(	1,377)	(	3,831)	
Income tax expense	( <u>\$</u>	<u>16,176</u> )	( <u>\$</u>	27,232)	

B. The Company's and its domestic subsidiaries' assessed and approved income tax returns are as follows:

Latest Year Assessed by Tax Authority
2010

The Company

Gameastor, Fundation, Redgate, Seedo, Gamania Asia, Playcoo, Jsdway, Gash Plus (Taiwan)

2011

The Company was required to pay additional income tax of \$23,481 for the year 2002 after the re-examination of trial by the Tax Authority. In January 2011, the Company appealed against the assessment, but had paid the additional income tax amounting to \$21,083. In October 2011, the decision on the appeal was issued which upheld the original judgment relating to the Company's tax exempt income, research and development expense and tax credits applicable to income tax. However, the original judgment relating to the loss on disposal of the Company's fixed assets was cancelled and would be subject to re-examination by the Tax Authority. In October 2013, the Company appealed against the assessment and paid half of the remaining income tax amounting to \$1,199.

C. Unappropriated retained earnings (Accumulated deficit):

	March 31, 2014		Decen	<u>December 31, 2013</u>		March 31, 2013	
Earnings generated in and before 1997 Earnings generated in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
and after 1998		83,045		38,559	(	239,413)	
	\$	83,045	\$	38,559	(\$	239,413)	

D. The balance of the imputation tax credit account and the creditable tax rate are as follows:

<u>March</u>		ch 31, 2014	<u>31, 2014</u> <u>December 31, 201</u>		March 31, 2013	
Imputation tax credit account balance	<u>\$</u>	52,464	\$	52,418	<u>\$</u>	41,444
			2013 (	(Estimate)	2012	(Actual)
Imputation tax credit acco	ount balan	ce		20.48%	(	Note)

Note: There was no creditable tax ratio since there is an accumulated deficit in 2012.

## (32) Earnings per share

/ <del></del>	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2014						
	<u>Amount</u>	after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)			
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$	44,486	157,594	<u>\$ 0.28</u>			
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$	44,486	-				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares							
Employees' bonus			174				
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent plus							
assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares	\$	44,486	157,768	<u>\$ 0.28</u>			
	_						
	For	r the three-	month period ended Ma	arch 31, 2013			
			Weighted average number of ordinary	Earnings per			
			shares outstanding	share			
	Amount	after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)			
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$	82,806	156,940	\$ 0.53			
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary	\$	82,806	156,940				
shareholders of the parent							
Assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares							
Employee stock options		-	497				
Employees' bonus		_	559				
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent plus							
assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares	\$	82,806	157,996	\$ 0.52			

### (33) Business combinations

The Group's subsidiary, Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd., acquired 60% shares of Jsdway (M) Sdn. Bhd. at \$585 and retained control in September 2013. Jsdway (M) Sdn. Bhd. has no significant operations in 2013, thus the Group is not required to disclose pro forma financial information.

	<u>Decembe</u>	er 31, 2013
Components of acquisition at fair value:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	573
Net amount of accounts receivable		26
Property, plant and equipment		24
Other payables	(	160)
Net identifiable assets		463
Non-controlling interest	(	186)
Goodwill		308
	\$	585

### (34) Non-cash transaction

Investing activities with partial cash payments

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment
Add: opening balance of payable on equipment
Less: ending balance of payable on equipment
Cash paid during the period

	2014		2013
\$	29,189	\$	12,554
	37,232		4,092
(	23,453)	(	2,857)
\$	42,968	\$	13,789

For the three-month periods ended March 31,

Acquisition of intangible assets
Add: opening balance of payable on equipment
Less: ending balance of payable on equipment
Cash paid during the period

2014	 2013
\$ 44,829	\$ 32,616
1,440	-
 _	 <u> </u>
\$ 46,269	\$ 32,616

For the three-month periods ended March 31,

### 7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

### (1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Group's shares are widely held so the Company has no ultimate parent and ultimate controlling party.

### (2) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

### A. <u>Usage of intangible assets</u>:

	For th	For the three-month periods ended March 31,				
		2014		2013		
License fees:						
Other related party	<u>\$</u>	40,268	\$	219,675		

The above represents payments for license fees as agent of the related party's on-line games. The license fees are negotiated based on different factors. As of January 23, 2014, the counterparty was not the related party, and the related transaction information is disclosed until January 22, 2014.

### B. Other operating cost:

	For the three-month periods ended March				<u>31,</u>
	2014			2013	
Associates	\$	20,614	\$		

The above pertains to payment for on-line game's points service cost which were based on stored points and contract ratio.

### C. Accounts payable:

	<u> Marc</u>	<u>March 31, 2014</u>		nber 31, 2013	March 31, 2013		
Associates	\$	16,132	\$	5,919	\$	-	
Other related party		<u> </u>		19,906		74,606	
	\$	16,132	\$	25,825	\$	74,606	

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase for right of agency and on-line games license fees and are due 60 days after the date of purchase. The payables bear no interest.

#### D. Property transactions:

Period-end balances arising from purchase of right of agency:

	March 31, 2014	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	March 31, 2013
Purchase of right of			
agency			
Other related party	\$ -	\$ 83,248	\$ 48,970

The above represents payment for on-line games license fees. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2013, the Group has paid license fees of \$4,140 to other related party in accordance with agreement determined by both parties. As of January 23, 2014, the counterparty was not the related party and the related transaction information is disclosed until January 22, 2014.

#### E. Other significant transactions and balances with related parties:

(a) Operating expense (shown in "selling expenses and general and administrative expenses")

	For the three-month periods ended March 31					
		2013				
Other related party	\$	2,500	\$	-		
Associates		3,784		<u>-</u>		
	\$	6,284	\$	<u>-</u>		

The above pertains to donation to other related party amounting to \$2,500 and payments to associates for the Company's advertisements and game development. Except for donation, the terms and prices were negotiated based on different factors.

### (b) Other payables to related parties:

	March 31	<u>, 2014                                    </u>	December 3	1, 2013	March 31, 2013
Associates	\$	3,232	\$	2,799	\$ -

Other payables consist of the payment for advertising and membership dues and annual fees.

### (3) Key management compensation

•	For the three-month periods ended March 31,			
		2014		2013
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	6,029	\$	9,970
Post-employment benefits		54		53
	\$	6,083	\$	10,023

#### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value						
	N	March 31,	Dec	December 31,		March 31,	
Pledged assets		2014		2013		2013	Purpose
Time deposits and demand	\$	152,500	\$	30,000	\$	5,000	Performance bond of on-line
deposits (shown in "other							game card's standard contracts
current assets")							Short-term loans guarantee
Demand deposits (shown in		5,007		5,007		-	Credit card merchant guarantee
other financial							Department of creditor claimed
assets-non-current)							seizure
Property, plant and equipment							
Land		147,751		147,751		81,748	Short-term and long-term loans /
							Credit lines
Buildings		115,445		116,309		121,389	"
Transportation equipment				1,216		1,526	Long-term loans guarantee
	\$	420,703	\$	300,283	\$	209,663	

### 9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

### (1) Contingencies

None.

### (2) Commitments

Except for commitments described in Note 6(31), others are described as follows:

A. The Company signed operating lease agreements and the future lease payments under operating leases within three years are as follows:

	March	31, 2014	Decem	December 31, 2013		March 31, 2013	
Warehouse office							
building and parking							
lot	\$	116,527	\$	94,862	\$	162,848	
Transportation equipment		786		1,080		1,964	
Networking device		48,641		55,686		26,051	
	\$	165,954	\$	151,628	\$	190,863	

B. The Company contracted the use of cable lines, T1 and T3, with rental charges based on utilization. In addition, the Company contracted with several on-line game vendors and will pay royalty based on actual usage.

#### 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

### 11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

- (1) On April 3, 2014, the Board of Directors approved the disposal of the subsidiary's, Global Pursuit Co., Ltd. (GPTW), 100% ownership in Global Pursuit North America Co., Ltd. to GPTW's non-controlling interest in exchange for 20% ownership of GPTW. The above transaction was completed on April 15, 2014. GPTW disposed Global Pursuit North America Co., Ltd. in the amount of USD\$100,000, and the loss on disposal of investment was \$8,600.
- (2) For the Group's operating policy adjustment, the Board of Directors has resolved to liquidate the subsidiary of Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd. effective May 31, 2014.
- (3) The Company will reinvest \$10,000 and \$15,000 in Global Pursuit Co., Ltd. and Redgate Games, respectively.
- (4) In order to expand its alliance in Taiwan market and sideline business operations to enhance the Group's operating effectiveness, the Company planned to participate in the capital increase of Eastern Hongzhan Game Co., Ltd.. The Company will obtain 800 thousand shares amounting to \$36,000 for a 19.05% ownership.
- (5) The subsidiary, Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited ("Gash Plus (Taiwan)"), plans to increase its capital by cash for operating development, attracting and keeping professionals. The Company plans to issue partial stock options in order to attract strategic or financial investors. After the Gash Plus (Taiwan) increases capital by cash, the Company expects its ownership will decrease from 100% to 70%.

#### 12. OTHERS

#### (1) Capital risk management

The Group's principal objectives when managing capital are to maintain an integrity credit rating and a good capital structure to support operating and maximum stockholders' equity. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders.

#### (2) Financial instruments

#### A. Fair value information of financial instruments

Except those in the table below, book value of financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term loans, notes payable, accounts payable (including related party), and other accounts payable (including related parties) is approximate to their book value. Fair value information of financial instruments measured at fair value is provided in Note 12(3).

	March 31, 2014				
	<u>B</u>	ook value	F	air value	
Financial assets:					
Other financial assets	\$	203,130	<u>\$</u>	203,130	
Financial liabilities:					
Bonds payable (including current portion)	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	
Other financial liabilities		8,140		8,140	
	<u>\$</u>	40,140	\$	40,140	
		December	31, 2	013	
	B	ook value	F	air value	
Financial assets:					
Other financial assets	\$	89,049	\$	89,049	
Financial liabilities:					
Bonds payable (including current portion)	\$	37,659	\$	37,659	
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)		22		22	
Other financial liabilities		7,813		7,813	
	<u>\$</u>	45,494	\$	45,494	
		March :		13	
	В	ook value		air value	
Financial assets:					
Other financial assets	\$	54,406	\$	54,406	
Financial liabilities:					
Bonds payable (including current portion)	\$	52,723	\$	52,723	
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)		4,420		4,420	
Other financial liabilities		8,641		8,641	
	\$	65,784	\$	65,784	

### B. Financial risk management policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's risk management program considers the effect of economic environment, competition and market value risk. The Group attains to the best risk position, holds appropriate liquidity position and centers on management of all the market risks. To reach the objective of risk management, the Group's hedged activities are focused on the market value risk and the cash flow risk.

### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### a) Market risk

## Foreign exchange risk

- Each of the entities in the Group operates in different countries respectively and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. To manage their foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities, the Group set the natural hedging as principle. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions, recognized assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations. The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies of each entity in the Group whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

			March 31, 2014	
	Fo	reign Currency		
		Amount		Book Value
	<u>(Ir</u>	Thousands)	Exchange Rate	(NTD)
Foreign currency: function	al			
currency				
Financial assets				
Monetary items				
USD:NTD	\$	1,230	30.5100	\$ 37,527
RMB:NTD		1,344	4.9067	6,595
HKD:NTD		3,082	3.9329	12,121
JPY:NTD		40,275	0.2963	11,933
HKD:USD		36,319	0.1289	142,833
MYR:USD		415	0.3265	4,134
NTD:USD		308,900	0.0328	308,900
USD:RMB		500	6.2180	15,255
USD:HKD		611	7.7576	18,642

		March 31, 2014	
	Foreign Currency		
	Amount		Book Value
	(In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	(NTD)
Non-monetary items			
USD:NTD	17,605	30.5100	537,129
KRW:NTD	281,120	0.0287	8,068
JPY:NTD	132,099	0.2963	39,141
RMB:USD	1,196	0.1608	5,868
HKD:USD	57,565	0.1289	226,388
JPY:USD	142,093	0.0097	42,052
EUR:USD	744	1.3759	31,232
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	2,338	30.5100	71,332
HKD:USD	1,000	0.1289	3,933
NTD:USD	1,512	0.0328	1,512
		December 31, 2013	3
	Foreign Currency		
	Amount		Book Value
	(In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	(NTD)
Foreign currency: functional			
currency			
Financial assets			
Financial assets  Monetary items			
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD	\$ 2,698	29.95	• /
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD	1,640	4.9472	8,113
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD	1,640 5,009	4.9472 3.8626	8,113 19,348
Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:NTD HKD:NTD JPY:NTD	1,640 5,009 72,240	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853	8,113 19,348 20,610
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403
Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:NTD HKD:NTD JPY:NTD HKD:USD NTD:USD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD  NTD:USD  MYR:USD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750
Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:NTD HKD:NTD JPY:NTD HKD:USD NTD:USD MYR:USD VND:USD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD  NTD:USD  MYR:USD  VND:USD  USD:RMB	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910 500	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014 6.0539	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625 14,975
Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:NTD HKD:NTD JPY:NTD HKD:USD NTD:USD MYR:USD VND:USD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD  NTD:USD  MYR:USD  VND:USD  USD:RMB	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910 500	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014 6.0539	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625 14,975
Financial assets  Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:NTD HKD:NTD JPY:NTD HKD:USD NTD:USD MYR:USD VND:USD USD:RMB USD:HKD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910 500	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014 6.0539	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625 14,975
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD  NTD:USD  MYR:USD  VND:USD  USD:RMB  USD:HKD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910 500 603	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014 6.0539 7.7538	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625 14,975 18,060
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD  NTD:USD  MYR:USD  VND:USD  USD:RMB  USD:HKD  Non-monetary items  USD:NTD  KRW:NTD  HKD:USD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910 500 603	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014 6.0539 7.7538	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625 14,975 18,060
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD  NTD:USD  MYR:USD  VND:USD  USD:RMB  USD:HKD  Non-monetary items  USD:NTD  KRW:NTD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910 500 603	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014 6.0539 7.7538	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625 14,975 18,060
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD  NTD:USD  MYR:USD  VND:USD  USD:RMB  USD:HKD  Non-monetary items  USD:NTD  KRW:NTD  HKD:USD  RMB:USD  HKD:USD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910 500 603 15,686 347,442 783 1,339 61,834	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014 6.0539 7.7538	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625 14,975 18,060 469,791 9,867 3,023 6,626 238,899
Financial assets  Monetary items  USD:NTD  RMB:NTD  HKD:NTD  JPY:NTD  HKD:USD  NTD:USD  MYR:USD  VND:USD  USD:RMB  USD:HKD  Non-monetary items  USD:NTD  KRW:NTD  HKD:USD  RMB:USD	1,640 5,009 72,240 35,305 429,174 627 14,910 500 603	4.9472 3.8626 0.2853 0.1290 0.0334 0.3062 0.0014 6.0539 7.7538 29.95 0.0284 3.8626 0.1652	8,113 19,348 20,610 136,403 429,174 5,750 625 14,975 18,060 469,791 9,867 3,023 6,626

		December 31, 2013	3
	Foreign Currency Amount		Book Value (NTD)
	(In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	(NID)
<u>Financial liabilities</u> <u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	\$ 4,416	29.95	\$ 132,259
JPY:USD	4,500	0.2853	1,284
EUR:USD	433	41.2876	17,878
HKD:USD	1,000	0.1290	3,864
IIID.CSD	1,000	0.1270	3,004
		March 31, 2013	
	Foreign Currency	•	
	Amount		Book Value
	(In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	(NTD)
Foreign currency: functional			
currency			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	\$ 2,501	29.8750	\$ 74,717
RMB:NTD	1,357	4.8102	6,527
HKD:NTD	1,003	3.8487	3,860
JPY:NTD	26,160	0.3176	8,308
HKD:USD	86,545	0.1288	333,017
MYR:USD	182	0.3262	1,775
USD:RMB	1,553	6.2108	46,396
USD:HKD	327	7.7625	9,769
NTD:USD	77,018	0.0335	77,018
Non-monetary items			
USD:NTD	18,860	29.8750	563,443
KRW:NTD	576,990	0.0269	15,521
RMB:USD	117	0.1610	563
HKD:USD	62,091	0.1288	238,920
JPY:USD	322,297	0.0106	102,063
EUR:USD	617	1.2813	23,618
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	5,242	29.8750	156,607
HKD:USD	1,000	0.1288	3,848
HKD.USD	1,000	U.1200	3,048

Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2014				
	Extent of Variation	Effect on Profit or Loss	Effect on Other Comprehensive Income		
Foreign currency: functional					
currency					
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 375	\$ -		
RMB:NTD	1%	66	-		
HKD:NTD	1%	121	-		
JPY:NTD	1%	119	-		
HKD:USD	1%	1,428	-		
MYR:USD	1%	41	-		
NTD:USD	1%	3,089	-		
USD:RMB	1%	153	-		
USD:HKD	1%	186	-		
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	1%	713	-		
HKD:USD	1%	39	_		
NTD:USD	1%	15	-		
	For the thre	ee-month period ende	ed March 31, 2013		
	Extent of Effect on Profit Variation or Loss		Effect on Other Comprehensive Income		
Foreign currency: functional currency					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 747	\$ -		
RMB:NTD	1%	65	-		
HKD:NTD	1%	39	_		
JPY:NTD	1%	83	_		
HKD:USD	1%	3,330	_		
MYR:USD	1%	18	_		
USD:RMB	1%	464	-		
USD:HKD	1%	98	_		
NTD:USD	1%	770	-		
1,12,000	1/0	770			

	For the three	e-month period ended	d March 31, 2013
		_	Effect on Other
	Extent of	Effect on Profit	Comprehensive
	<u>Variation</u>	or Loss	Income
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	1%	1,566	-
HKD:USD	1%	38	-

#### Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the consolidated balance sheet either as available-for-sale or at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. However, the Company has set stop-loss amounts for those assets; therefore, no material market risk is expected.

#### Interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arises from each borrowing. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The interest rate for short-term borrowings of the Group are mainly floating rate and for long-term borrowings are fixed rate. During the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in NTD, RMB and JPY.
- ii. At March 31, 2014 and 2013, if interest rates on borrowings had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 would have been \$1 and \$8 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

#### b) Credit risk

i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk

control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on bookkeeping and administrative department's rating. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash, cash equivalents and accounts receivable arising from operating activities. For banks and financial institutions, only rated parties with a good credit rating are accepted.

- ii. During the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, no credit limits were exceeded during the reporting periods, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.
- iii. The details of credit quality of the Group's significant financial assets are provided in Note 6 (5).

### c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by the capital management department. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure that it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. The table below is the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities which is presented based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contract maturity date and undiscounted maturity amount based on the maturity date.

Datrican 1

#### Non-derivative financial liabilities:

		Between I	
	Less than 1 year	and 3 years	Over 3 years
March 31, 2014			
Short-term borrowings	\$ 18,928	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable	4,769	-	-
Accounts payable	1,289,864	-	-
Accounts payable-related	16,132	-	-
party			
Other payables	326,633	-	-
Other payables-related	3,232	-	-
parties			
Bonds payable	17,332	14,883	-
(including current portion)			
Deposits received	152	7,238	750

### Non-derivative financial liabilities:

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 3 years	Over 3 years
<u>December 31, 2013</u>	•	•	•
Short-term borrowings	\$ 13,600	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable	9,846	-	-
Accounts payable	1,194,537	-	-
Accounts payable-related party	25,825	-	-
Other payables	367,433	-	-
Other payables-related parties	2,799	-	-
Bonds payable	16,744	21,222	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	22	-	-
Deposits received	118	6,913	782
	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 3 years	Over 3 years
March 31, 2013	•	•	•
Short-term borrowings	\$ 82,728	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable	37,176	-	-
Accounts payable	1,010,170	-	-
Accounts payable-related party	74,606	-	-
Other payables	361,741	-	-
Bonds payable	18,421	34,302	-
Deposits received	91	8,520	30
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	4,420	-	-

#### (3) Fair value estimation

- A. The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
  - Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The following table presents the Group's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013:

March 31, 2014	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 203,838	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 203,838
Available-for-sale financial assets Equity securities	_	_	70,457	70,457
Equity securities	\$ 203,838	\$ -	\$ 70,457	\$ 274,295
<u>December 31, 2013</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 5,607	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,607
Available-for-sale financial assets			58,928	58,928
Equity securities	\$ 5,607	<del>-</del>	\$ 58,928	\$ 64,535
	<del>1</del> • , • • ·	<u> </u>	<del>1</del>	<del>1</del>
March 31, 2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets: Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 13,541	\$ -	•	\$ 13,541
Callable preferred stock Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	2,850	2,850
Equity securities	-	-	69,243	69,243
1 3	\$ 13,541	\$ -	\$ 72,093	\$ 85,634
Financial liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Callable preferred stock	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 9,616	\$ 9,616

B. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the closing price. These instruments are included in level 1. Instruments included in level 1 comprise primarily of equity instruments classified as financial assets/financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or available-for-sale financial assets.

- C. The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.
- D. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.
- E. Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:
  - a) Quoted market prices or dealer quotes of similar instruments.
  - b) The fair value of interest rate swap is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.
  - c) Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

#### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

#### (1) Significant transactions information

All the transactions with subsidiaries disclosed below had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The disclosure information of certain investments were not reviewed by independnt accountants and are for reference only.

A) Loans to others: None.

B) Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others:

	ompany or e companies	Parties being §	guaranteed		Maximum						Provision of	Provision of		
Number (Note 1)		Name	Relationship with the Company (Note 2)	Limit of guarantee for each party (Note 3)	outstanding guarantee amount for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014	Outstanding	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of guarantee with collateral placed	Ratio of accumulated guarantee amount to net value of the Company	Maximum amount available for guarantee (Note 3)	endorsements / guarantees by parent company to subsidiary (Note 4)	endorsements / guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 4)	Provision of endorsements / guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 4)	Note
0	The Company	Gash Plus Company Ltd.	2	\$ 472,781	\$ 448,000	\$ 448,000	\$ 350,000	\$ -	18.80%	\$ 1,575,936	Y			
0	The Company	Global Pursuit Co., Ltd.	2	472,781	20,000	20,000	10,000	-	0.84%	1,575,936	Y			
0	The Company	Seedo Games Co., Ltd.	2	472,781	30,000	30,000	-	-	1.26%	1,575,936	Y			
0	The Company	Gamania Digital Entertainment (Japan) Co., Ltd.	3	472,781	124,770	119,880	43,154	-	5.03%	1,575,936	Y			
0	The Company	Gamania Digital Entertainment (U.S.) Co., Ltd.	3	472,781	2,087	1,790	1,790	-	0.08%	1,575,936	Y			

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

Number 0 represents the Company.

Note 2: Number 2 means the Company directly owns over 50% of the shares of the subsidiary.

Number 3 means the Company and the subsidiary own over 50% of the shares of the investee company.

Note 3: The Company provides guarantee for the subsidiaries in which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% voting rights. The limit of guarantee for each party is 30% of the Company's capital, and the maximum amount available for guarantee is the Company's capital.

Note 4: Y means provision of endorsements / guarantees by parent company to subsidiary, provision of endorsements / guarantees by subsidiary to parent company or provision of endorsements / guarantees to the party in Mainland China.

C) Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

				March 31, 2014				
Company	Type of marketable securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the security holders	General ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Percentage	Market value (Note 2)	Note
The Company	NC Taiwan Co., Ltd Stock	Investee company accounted for under available-for-sale	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	2,100		15		
"	Gamemag Interactive Inc Stock	<i>"</i>	"	460	15,234	5	15,234	
Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Compass Systems Corp Stock	None	"	1,000	779	3.33	779	
Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Moqizone Holding Corporation - Stock	Prepaid long-term equity investment	Other non-current assets		6,000	-	6,000	
Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Yeck Entertainment Co., Ltd Stock	None	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	340	4,080	10.16	4,080	
Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Jie tsai Technology Co., Ltd Stock	None	"	-	2,338	-	2,338	
Precious Power Digital Technology Co., Ltd Stock	Everpeace International Limited - Stock	None	"		2,000	-	2,000	
Webo Digital Co., Ltd Stock	Chi-shiang Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd Stock	None	"	-	750	-	750	
The Company	Jih Sun Money Market Fund	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -current	3,458	50,036	-	50,036	
"	Eastspring Investments Well Pool Money Market	None	"	3,762	50,000	-	50,000	
"	Mega Diamond Money Market	None	"	4,085	50,000	-	50,000	
"	Franklin Templeton Sinoam Money Market Fund	None	"	4,956	50,000	-	50,000	
Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Franklin Templeton Aggressive Return Bond Fund of Funds - Accumulative	None	"	100	949	-	949	

Unit: Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Thousands of Shares

					M	arch 31, 2014		
		Relationship with the security		Number of			Market value	
Company	Type of marketable securities (Note 1)	holders	General ledger account	shares	Book value	Percentage	(Note 2)	Note
Jsdway Digital	Taishin Asia-Australia High Yield Bond Fund -	None	Financial assets at fair value	100	\$ 1,052	-	\$ 1,052	
Technology Co.,	Accumulated		through profit or loss -					
Ltd.			current					
Jsdway Digital	Yuanta As Pac (ex-Jap) Inr Gr Gv Bd In B	None	"	200	1,801	-	1,801	
Technology Co.,								
Ltd.								

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities within the scope of IAS 39 'Financial instruments: recognition and measurement.'

Note 2: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

- D) Aggregate purchases or sales of the same securities reaching \$300,000 or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- E) Acquisition of real estate in excess of \$300,000 or 20% of capital: None.
- F) Disposal of real estate in excess of \$300,000 or 20% of capital: None.

G) Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100,000 or 20% of paid-in capital or more:

G) I dichases of sale	s of goods from or to rea	ated parties reachi	ng \$100,000 or	20 /0	of paru-in ca	onal of more.			1				
								Description	of and reasons				
								for difference	e in transaction				
								terms co	ompared to				
					Transa	ction terms		non-related p	arty transactions	Ac	counts or note	s receivable (payable)	
												Percentage of total	
	Name of transaction		Purchases			Percentage of total						accounts or notes	
Purchaser /Seller	parties	Relationship	(Sales)		Amount	purchases (sales)	Credit terms	Unit price	Credit period		Balance	receivable (payable)	Note
The Company	Gash Plus (Taiwan)	Subsidiary	Sales	(\$	639,332)	( 94)	Note	Note	Note	\$	832,457	95	
	Company Limited	-											
Gash Plus (Hong	Gash Plus (Taiwan)	Same ultimate	Sales	(	169,369)	( 23)	Note	Note	Note		-	-	
Kong) Company	Company Limited	parent											
Limited		company											
"	Jsdway Digital	"	Sales	(	268,663)	( 37)	Note	Note	Note		170,324	41	
	Technology Co., Ltd.												

Note: The above represents sales based on merchandise, competitive market and trading situation. There is no similar transaction to compare with.

H) Receivables from related parties in excess of \$100,000 or 20% of capital:

					Overdue re	ceivables			
			Balance of receivables				Subsequent collections	Allowance for	
			from related parties			Action adopted for	(in thousands)	doubtful accounts	
Name of creditor	Transaction parties	Relationship	(in thousands)	Turnover rate	Amount	overdue accounts	(Note 1)	provided	Note
The Company	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Subsidiary	\$ 868,021	3.85	\$ -	-	\$ 168,869	\$ 35,376	Notes 3,
Gamania Digital Entertainment	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Same ultimate parent	120,241	1.68	-	-	43,566	-	
(H.K.) Co., Ltd.		company							
Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	"	170,324	5.22	-	-	102,036	-	

Note 1: The subsequent collections represent collections from the balance sheet date to May 5, 2014.

Note 2: The Group considers Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited to evaluate and to make provision of the allowance for doubtful accounts – non related party, and the amount is accounted for under Allowance for doubtful accounts – non related party in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 3: Includes other receivables.

I) Derivative financial instruments undertaken during the three-month period ended March 31, 2014: None.

J) Significant inter-company transactions during the three-month period ended March 31, 2014:

17 22 8 2 2 2 2	in filter-company transactions during the three-in				Transacti	on	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger	Amount (Note 5)	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
	The Company	Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	1	Other payables	\$ 55,523	Note 4	1%
	The Company	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	1	Sales	639,332	Note 4	26%
0	The Company	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	1	Accounts receivable	832,457	Note 4	17%
0	The Company	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	1	Other receivables	35,564	Note 4	1%
0	The Company	Gamania Digital Entertainment (Europe) B.V.	1	Other payables	17,249	Note 4	-%
0	The Company	Seedo Games Co., Ltd.	1	Other receivables	70,188	Note 4	1%
0	The Company	Seedo Games Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	27,907	Note 4	1%
0	The Company	Seedo Games Co., Ltd.	1	Other operating costs	18,265	Note 4	1%
0	The Company	Ant's Power Co., Ltd.	1	Other payables	16,033	Note 4	-%
0	The Company	Ant's Power Co., Ltd.	1	Customer service fee	23,758	Note 4	1%
1	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	3	Other receivables	10,756	Note 4	-%
1	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Punch Technologies Co., Ltd.	3	Cost of goods sold	10,175	Note 4	-%
1	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	86,965	Note 4	4%
2	Gamania Digital Entertainment (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	3	Accounts receivable	120,241	Note 4	2%
2	Gamania Digital Entertainment (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	3	Accounts payable	11,094	Note 4	-%
3	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Gamania Digital Entertainment (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	3	Cost of goods sold	56,777	Note 4	2%
3	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Gamania Digital Entertainment (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	11,695	Note 4	-%
3	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limted	3	Sales	169,369	Note 4	7%
3	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Sales	268,663	Note 4	11%
3	Gash Plus (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Jsdway Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable	170,324	Note 4	3%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to

<sup>(1)</sup> Parent company is '0'.

<sup>(2)</sup> The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: There is no similar transaction to compare with. It will follow the agreed price and transaction terms.
- Note 5: The disclosure standard reaches above \$10,000 for the transaction amount.

#### (2) Information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China)

The disclosure information of certain non-significant investee companies was based on their unreviewed financial statements.

				Original inv	restment cost	Hel	d by the Comp	oany	Income (loss)	Investment income	
			Main operating			Number of			incurred by the	(loss) recognized by	
Company	Name of investee	Location	activities	2014.3.31	2013.12.31	shares	Percentage	Book value	investee	the Company	Note
The Company	Gamania Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment holdings	\$ 2,171,721	\$ 2,171,721	35,423	100	\$ 435,339	(\$ 27,388)	(\$ 27,388)	Note 4
"	Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Software services and sales	211,433	211,433	3,863	72.08	47,439	132	95	Note 4
"	Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment holdings	115,549	115,549	6,500	100	63,138	( 3,299)	( 3,299)	Note 4
"	Gamania Digital Entertainment Labuan Holdings, Ltd.	Malaysia	Investment holdings	38,994	38,994	1,330	100	1,952	-	,	Note 4
"	Fundation Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Publishing of magazines and periodicals	210,000	210,000	5,330	100	4,561	( 3,706)	( 3,706)	Note 4
"	Playcoo Co.	Taiwan	Design and research and development of software	183,839	183,839	17,389	80.50	9,883	1,265	1,282	Notes 1,4
"	Redgate Games Co. Ltd.	Taiwan	Design and research and development of software	282,000	262,000	28,200	100	5,716	( 10,760)	( 10,760)	Note 4
"	Seedo Games Co. Ltd.	Taiwan	Software services	182,000	182,000	18,200	100	34,260	11,222	11,222	Note 4

				Original inv	estment cost	Hel	d by the Com		Income (loss)	wan Dollars / Thousan Investment income	ius of Shares
Company	Name of investee	Location	Main operating activities	2014.3.31	2013.12.31	Number of shares	Percentage	Book value	incurred by the investee	(loss) recognized by the Company	Note
The Company	Two Tigers Co. Ltd.	Taiwan	Animation production	\$ 6,269	\$ 6,269	627	51	\$ 7,296	\$ 702	\$ 358	Note 4
"	Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited	Taiwan	Software information and supply of electronic services	50,000	50,000	5,000	100	93,932	26,819	26,819	Note 4
"	Global Pursuit Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Software information and supply of electronic services	30,000	30,000	3,000	80	3,504	( 5,744)	( 4,595)	Note 4
"	Machi Pictures Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Movie making and publishing	20,000	20,000	2,000	33.33	( 10)	( 18)	( 6)	
"	RitwNow Inc.	Taiwan	Software services and sales	15,300	15,300	1,530	51	13,566	748	381	Note 4
"	Ants' Power Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Customer services	10,000	10,000	1,000	100	11,545	1,545	1,545	Note 4
"	Taiwan e-sports Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Software services and sales	56,800	56,800	1,277	30.94	11,574	( 3,598)	( 1,113)	
"	Chuang Meng Shr Ji Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Venture Capital Industry	1,000	-	100	100	1,000	-	-	Note 4
Gamania Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Gameastor Digital Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Software services and sales	85,625	80,625	1,458	27.20	23,862	132	36	Note 4
"	Pri-One Marketing Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Software services and sales	1,500	1,500	150	30	1,835	261	78	
"	Mimigigi Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Software services and sales	7,000	7,000	700	70	2,757	( 1,504)	( 1,053)	Note 4
"	UniCube Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Software services and sales	7,000	7,000	700	70	1,634	( 3,463)	( 2,424)	Note 4
Global Pursuit Co., Ltd.	Global Pursuit North America Co., Ltd.	U.S.A.	IP Commodities authorization	46,089	41,558	1,550	100	12,794	( 5,839)	( 5,839)	Note 4
Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company Limited		Taiwan	Software information and supply of electronic services	52,500	52,500	5,250	33.33	36,305	2,468	822	Note 4

			I		1					wan Dollars / Thousan	ids of Shares
				Original inv	vestment cost		d by the Comp	oany	Income (loss)	Investment income	
			Main operating			Number of			incurred by the	(loss) recognized by	
Company	Name of investee	Location	activities	2014.3.31	2013.12.31	shares	Percentage	Book value	investee	the Company	Note
Gach Pluc (Taiwan)	Punch Technologies		Software information								
Company Limited		Taiwan	and supply of	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	1,000	100	\$ 24,608	\$ 10,687	\$ 10,687	Note 4
Company Emitted	Co., Eta.		electronic services								
	Gash Plus (Japan) Co.,		Software information								
"	Ltd.	Japan	and supply of	41,874	41,874	1	100	39,141	(1,805)	( 1,805)	Note 4
	Ett.		electronic services								
	Gash Plus (Hong Kong)		Software information								
"	Company Limited	Hong Kong	and supply of	13,704	13,704	750	100	78,514	18,211	18,211	Note 4
			electronic services								
"	Gash Plus Korea Co.,	South Korea	Design and sales of	11,662	11,662	138	100	8,068	( 1,883)	( 1,883)	Note 4
	Ltd.	South Rorea	software	11,002	11,002	130	100	0,000	( 1,003)	( 1,005)	11010 4
	Fantasy Fish Digital		Design and research								
"	Games Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	and development of	22,298	22,298	2,443	44.08	21,680	3,079	1,357	
	·		software								
Punch Technologies	Coco Digital		Software information								
Co., Ltd.	Technology (HK) Co.,	Hong Kong	and supply of	764	764	200	100	5,203	2,113	2,113	Note 4
	Ltd.		electronic services								
Jsdway Digital			Software services								
Technology Co.,	Webo Digital Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	and sales	34,590	34,590	2,775	100	21,682	( 870)	( 870)	Note 4
Ltd.											
"	Precious Power Digital	Taiwan	Software services	7,000	7,000	700	70	2,341	( 106)	( 74)	Note 4
	Technology Co., Ltd.		and sales	.,	.,						
"	Jsdway (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Supply of electronic	585	585	60	60	327	-	-	Note 4
	•		services								
Gamania Holdings	Gamania International	Cayman Islands	Investment holdings	66,476	65,733	66,476	100	14,255	( 902)	( 902)	Notes 2, 4
Ltd.	Holdings Ltd.			,	,					(	,
"	Gamania R&D (HK)	Hong Kong	Investment holdings	1,600	1,600	1,600	100	687	_	_	Notes 2, 4
	Holdings Limited			_ , 500	_ , , , , ,	_,	100				
Gamania	Gamania Digital	_	Software services		24 65-5						
International	Entertainment (Japan)	Japan	and sales	22,901	21,926	23	100	1,361	( 525)	( 525)	Notes 2, 4
Holdings Ltd.	Co., Ltd.										

Unit: Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Thousands of Shares

				Original inv	restment cost	Hel	d by the Com		Income (loss)	Investment income	
			Main operating			Number of			incurred by the	(loss) recognized by	
Company	Name of investee	Location	activities	2014.3.31	2013.12.31	shares	Percentage	Book value	investee	the Company	Note
Gamania International Holdings Ltd.	Gamania China Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment holdings	\$ 41,684	\$ 41,684	41,684	98.85	\$ 8,133	(\$ 289)	(\$ 285)	Notes 2, 4
"	Gamania Western Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment holdings	8,670	8,670	8,670	100	2,266	( 73)	( 73)	Notes 2, 4
"	Gamania Netherlands Holdings Cooperatief U.A.	Amsterdam	Investment holdings	5,884	5,884	-	100	1,024	( 32)	( 32)	Notes 2, 4
"	Joymobee Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Design and research and development of software	3,950	3,950	30,702	100	66	( 176)	( 176)	Notes 2, 4
"	Firedog Creative Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Design and research and development of software	320	320	992	40	208	( 96)	( 38)	Notes 2, 4
Gamania China Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Sino Holdings Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment holdings	39,520	39,520	39,520	100	422	( 25)	( 25)	Notes 2, 4
"	Gamania Digital Entertainment (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Software services and sales	3,009	3,009	35,500	100	7,330	( 263)	( 263)	Notes 2, 4
Gamania Western Holdings Ltd.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (U.S.) Co., Ltd.	U.S.A.	Software services and sales	8,630	8,630	1	100	2,261	( 73)	( 73)	Notes 2, 4
Gamania Netherlands Holdings Cooperatief U.A.	Gamania Digital Entertainment (Europe) B.V.	Amsterdam	Software services and sales	4,500	4,500	-	100	744	( 23)	( 23)	Notes 3, 4

Note 1: Including write-off of realized sales margin of \$264.

Note 2 : Currency: USD Note 3 : Currency: EUR

Note 4: The investment had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

#### (3) INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA

#### A) Basic information:

A) Basic illioiti							1			I	ı	
					Remitted of							
					investmer							
					during th	e period						
				Accumulated								
				amount of			Accumulated					Accumulated
				remittance from			amount of			Investment loss		amount of
				Taiwan to		Remitted		Net income		recognized	Book value of	investment
				Mainland China	D '44 1 4 -			of investee	held by the	by the Company	investment in	income remitted
		Paid-in		as of January 1,	Remitted to	back to	Mainland China as	as of	Company	for the period ended		
Investee in Mainland	Main business	capital		2014	Mainland	Mainland	of March 31, 2014		(direct or	March 31, 2014	of March 31, 2014	
China	activities	(Note 3)	Investment method	(Note 4)	China	China	(Note 5)	2014	indirect)	(Note 2)	(Note 6)	2014
			Investment through a									
Gamania Digital	D : 1 1		holding company									
Entertainment	Design and sales	\$1,077,003	(Gamania Sino Holdings	\$ 789,294	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 789,294	(\$ 710)	98.85%	(\$ 702)	\$ 5.801	¢.
	of software	\$1,077,003	Ltd.) registered in a	\$ 709,294	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 789,294	(\$ /10)	90.03%	(\$ 702)	\$ 5,801	- \$
(Beijing) Co., Ltd.			country other than Taiwan									
			and Mainland China									
			Investment through a									
			holding company									
MoNoKos Studio	Research and		(Gamania R&D (HK)									
Technology Co.,	development of	_	Holdings Limited)	45,765	-		45,765	-	Note 7	_	_	_
Ltd.	software		registered in a country	,		-	ĺ					
			other than Taiwan and									
			Mainland China									

Company	Accumulated amount of investment in Mainland China as of March 31, 2014	Related investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) (Note 1)	Upper limit of investment in Mainland China
Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	\$ 789,294	\$ 1,127,741	\$ 1.516.846
MoNoKos Studio Technology Co., Ltd.	45,765	152,550	Ψ 1,510,040

- Note 1: Related total investment amount approved by FIA to invest in Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd. is USD 36,963 thousand or NTD 1,127,741 thousand based on 30.51 exchange rate. The related total investment amount approved by FIA to invest in MoNoKos Studio Technology Co., Ltd. is USD 5 million or NTD 152,550 thousand based on 30.51 exchange rate.
- Note 2: The investment loss of the investee company, Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd., for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 was recognized based on the indirect weighted-average ownership percentage of 98.85% and on their financial statements for the corresponding period, which were reviewed.
- Note 3: Paid-in capital of Company, Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd. was USD 35,300 thousand.
- Note 4: Accumulated investment amount of remittance for Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd. and MoNoKos Studio Technology Co., Ltd. from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2014 and March 31, 2014 were USD 25,870 thousand and USD 1,500 thousand, respectively.

- Note 5: Balance of investment of Gamania Digital Entertainment (Beijing) Co., Ltd. and MoNoKos Studio Technology Co., Ltd. as of March 31, 2014 was USD 192 thousand and USD 0, respectively.
- Note 6: MoNokos Studio Technology Co., Ltd. completed liquidation proceedings on September 22, 2013.
- B) The subsidiary in Mainland China and the Company have no significant transactions.
- C) The investment had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

### 14. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

### (1) General information

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker which are used to make strategic decisions.

## (2) Assessment of segment information

The chief operating decision-maker assesses the performance of the operating segments based on net income or net loss of the reporting period.

### (3) <u>Information on segment profit (loss)</u>, assets and liabilities

The segment information on reportable segments provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

		1											
For the three-month period ended	E	Gamania Digital ntertainment		Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company		Jsdway Digital Technology	(I	ash Plus Hong Kong) Company					
March 31, 2014		Co., Ltd.	_	Limited	_	Co., Ltd.	_	Limited		Others	_	Total	
Revenue from external customers	\$	679,566	\$	1,016,147	\$	127,130	\$	494,854	\$	148,408		\$2,466,105	
Inter-segment revenue		12,155		677,303		327,882		226,282		97,426		1,341,048	Note 1
Segment profit (loss)		44,486		26,819		2,468		18,211	(	48,033)		43,951	
Segment profit (loss) includes:													
Depreciation and amortization	(	54,183)	(	3,916)	(	2,624)	(	12)	(	25,214)	(	85,949)	
Income tax expense	(	3,420)	(	5,135)	(	740)	(	3,611)	(	3,270)	(	16,176)	
Investment income (loss) accounted for using the equity method	(	9,165)		27,389	(	944)		-	(	18,128)	(	848)	Note 2
For the three-month period ended	Е	Gamania Digital ntertainment		Gash Plus (Taiwan) Company		Jsdway Digital Technology	(I	ash Plus Hong Kong) Company					
March 31, 2013		Co., Ltd.	_	Limited	_	Co., Ltd.	_	Limited	_	Others	_	Total	
Revenue from external customers	\$	903,479	\$	553,861	\$	163,843	\$	210,739	\$	232,483	9	\$2,064,405	

		Gainaina		Gasii i ius		Jsuway	U	asii i ius					
For the three-month		Digital		(Taiwan)		Digital	(F	Hong Kong)					
period ended	Eı	ntertainment		Company		Technology	(	Company					
March 31, 2013		Co., Ltd.	_	Limited	_	Co., Ltd.		Limited	_	Others	_	Total	
Revenue from external	\$	903,479	\$	553,861	\$	163,843	\$	210,739	\$	232,483	\$	2,064,405	
customers													
Inter-segment revenue		3,335		959,805		513,394		197,882		37,438		1,711,854	Note 1
Segment profit (loss)		86,472		8,999		6,825		15,262	(	37,261)		80,297	
Segment profit (loss) includes:													
Depreciation and amortization	(	70,326)	(	3,288)	(	2,572)	(	8)	(	26,120)	(	102,314)	
Income tax expense	(	15,662)	(	1,267)	(	1,929)	(	2,437)	(	5,937)	(	27,232)	
Investment income (loss) accounted for using the equity	(	65,276)		2,275	(	2,479)		-		63,966	(	1,514)	Note 2

using the equity method

Note 1: The transaction had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 2: The inter-segment investment income or loss had been eliminated.

### (4) Reconciliation information of segment profit (loss), assets and liabilities

The segment reports provided to the chief operating decision-maker are measured in a manner consistent with that used for the statement of comprehensive income. There is no difference between the presentation of segment report and income statement and accordingly, no reconciliation is required to be disclosed.